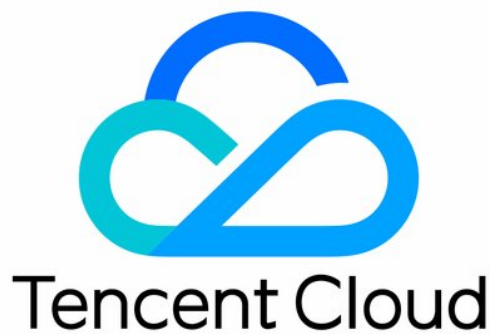


CODING Artifact Repositories

FAQs

Product Documentation



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FAQs

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What types of artifact repositories are supported?

CODING-AR supports popular repository types, including Docker, Maven, npm, Generic, PyPI, and Helm.

What are the terms and their relationships in an artifact repository?

The terms in CODING-AR are **repository > package > version**:

Repository: used to manage different types of repositories and package resources under them. You can set their external access permissions.

Package: the basic artifact unit for external access and is used to describe the purpose and use instructions of the artifact.

Version: lists all artifacts under a package and records in detail the iterative updates and changes of each artifact.

How do external permissions work for artifact repositories?

Project: Project members have read and write permissions. Other members do not have read or write permission.

Team: Project members have read and write permissions. Other members in the company have read permission, but not write permission. Other members do not have read or write permission.

Public: Project members have read and write permissions. Non-project members and anonymous members have read permission, but not write permission.

What are the package naming rules in artifact repositories?

Package names must be composed of 1 to 31 letters, numbers, underscores (`_`), hyphens (`-`), and periods (`.`).

Package names must be unique within the repository.

What are the package settings?

Package settings include: license, package description, maturity, website URL, issue tracking URL, version control URL, etc.

Maven Issues

Where can I find the Maven settings.xml configuration file?

When creating a Maven artifact, you must configure your settings file. This file is usually stored in the locations below. Files in different locations have different scopes and priorities. You can use the following locations as needed:

1. Global configuration: `${M2_HOME}/conf/settings.xml`

If you do not remember the Maven installation directory `${M2_HOME}`, you can run `echo ${M2_HOME}` or `mvn -version` in the terminal to see the Maven home path.

2. User configuration: `${user.home}/.m2/settings.xml`

You can use the `echo` environment variable to find this file directory. Sometimes, this directory does not contain a `settings.xml` file. In this case, copy the global `settings.xml` file to this directory and modify it.

3. `settings.xml` under a specified path



```
mvn deploy --settings settings.xml
```

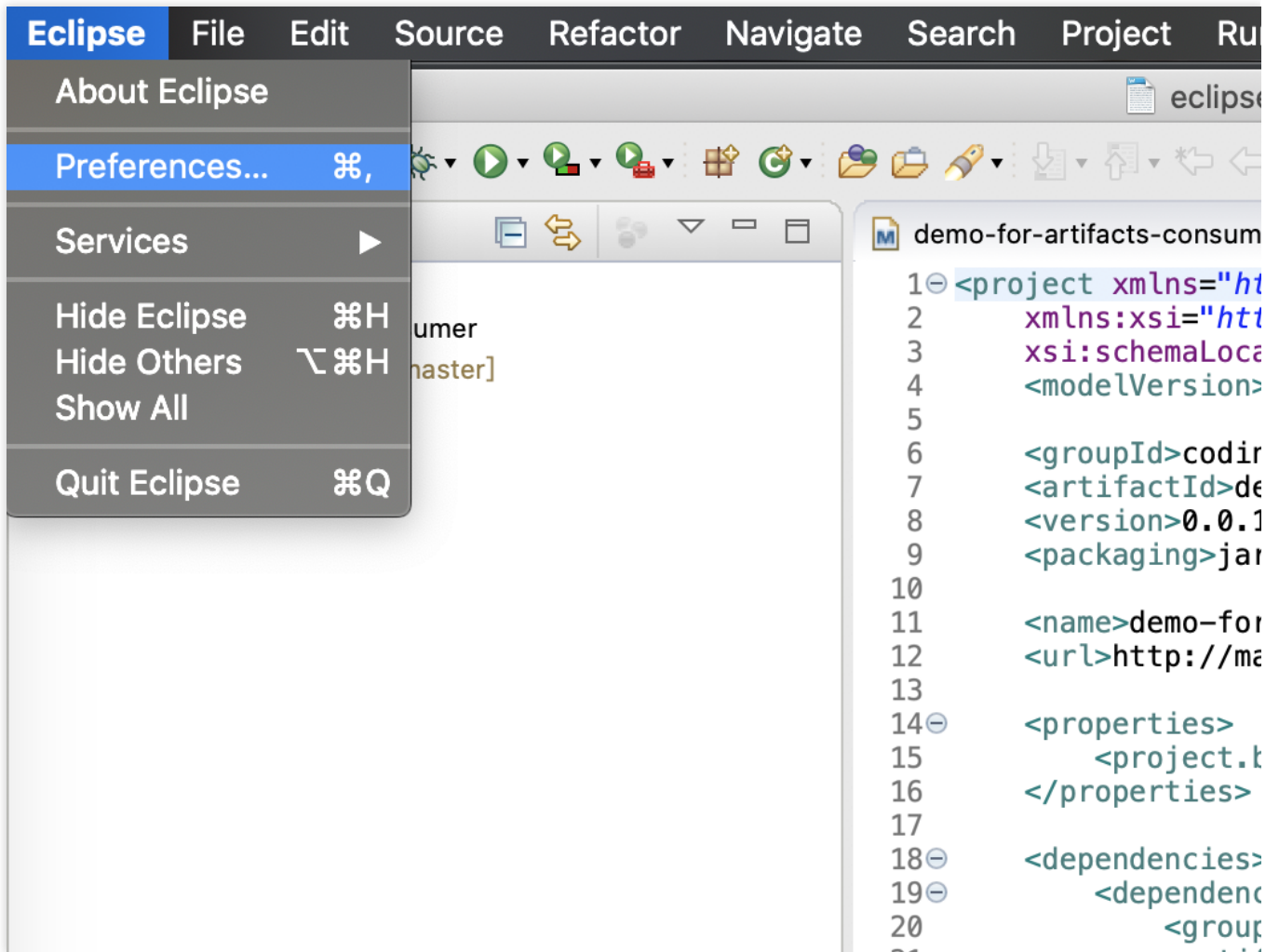
Note:

For the mvn command, the priorities of settings.xml files are: Specified path > User configuration > Global configuration.

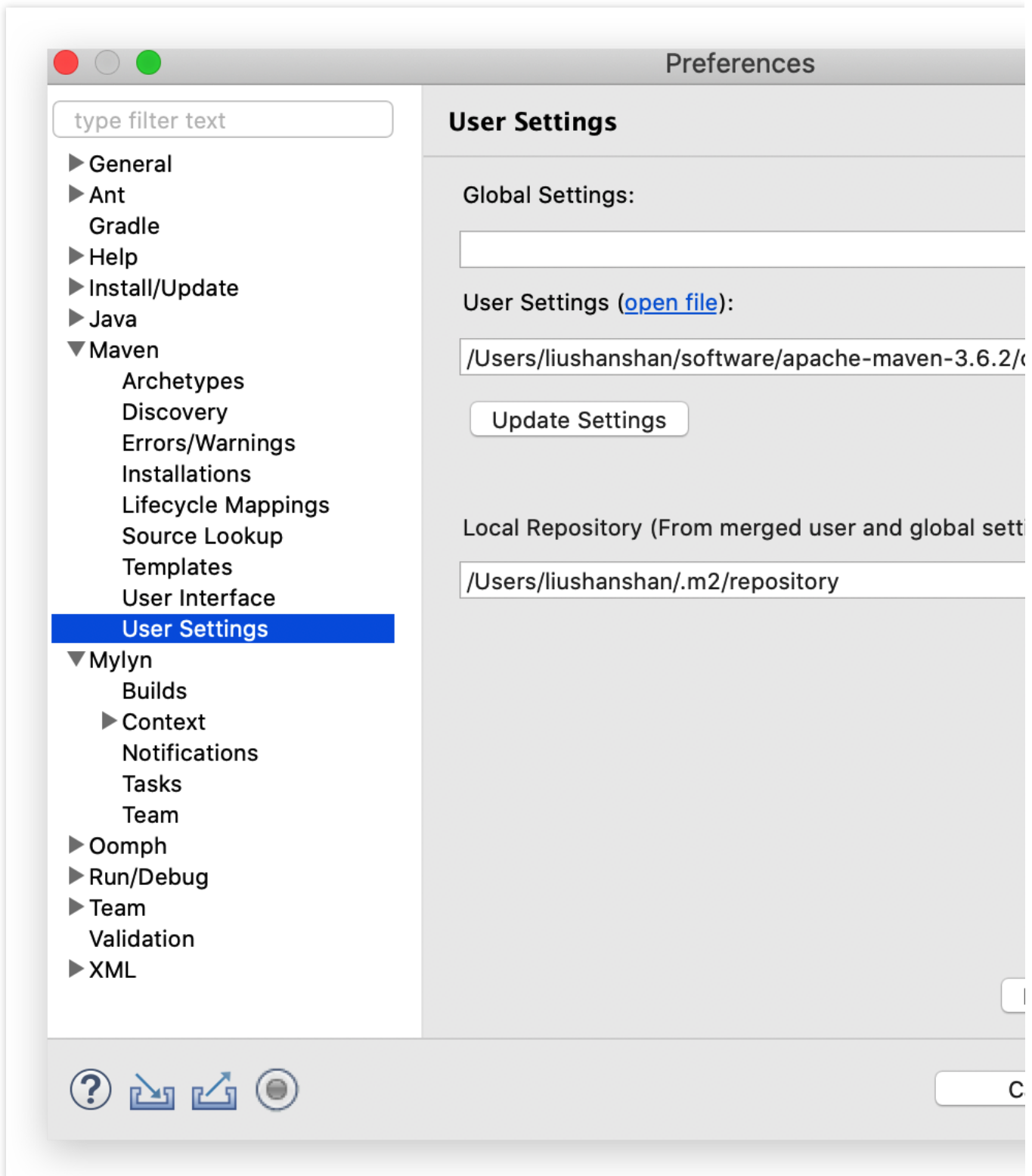
In addition to the mvn command, how do I modify the settings.xml file in IDEs such as Eclipse?

We will use Eclipse as an example (for other IDEs, you can search for the references online):

1. Click **Preferences**.



2. Go to **Maven > User Settings** to view your configuration file path and modify the configuration file.



npm Issues

How can I specify npm @scope to a CODING private artifact repository?

1. You can configure `.npmrc` to specify the `@scope` registry.

For example: For an npm package with the following location information:

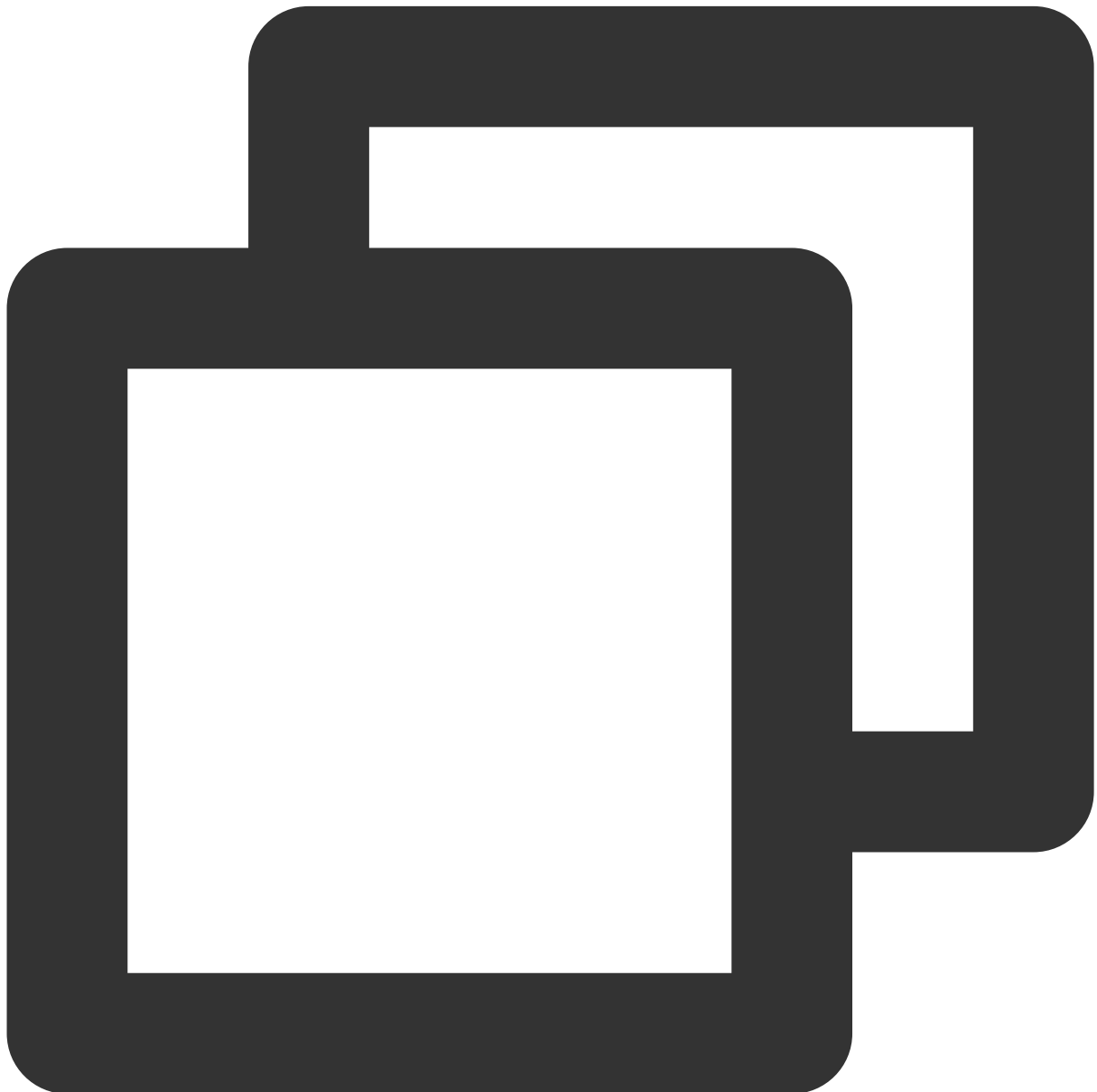
Company: my-team

Project: my-project

Artifact repository: my-npm-repo

Name: `@my-scope/my-pkg`.

You can configure `.npmrc` to set `@my-scope/my-pkg` in `package.json` to this URL:



```
https://my-team-npm.pkg.coding.net/my-project/my-npm-repo/
```


2. Set the npm package registry to the CODING-AR repository.

Click **Generate configuration from access token** on the npm repository guide page to generate the .npmrc file.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring npm access. On the left is a navigation sidebar with 'Operation Guide' and 'npm' selected. The main content area is split into two columns. The right column has a 'Configure Access Token' section with a password input field and a 'Set Credentials with Configuration File' section with a code block. The code block contains configuration for the npm registry and authentication. Below the code block is a 'Replace Text:' section with a list of instructions and a terminal command.

Operation Guide

npm

Configure Credentials

Push

Pull

Mirror Acceleration

Configure Access Token

EnterPasswordan access token is generated and inserted

Enter the password.

Set Credentials with Configuration File

Add the following configuration to the .npmrc file in the s package.json. For management functions, go to [.Personal](#)

```
; Please keep your configuration safe
registry=https://StrayBirds-npm.pkg.coding.net
always-auth=true
//StrayBirds-npm.pkg.coding.net/coding-demo/n
//StrayBirds-npm.pkg.coding.net/coding-demo/n
//StrayBirds-npm.pkg.coding.net/coding-demo/n
```

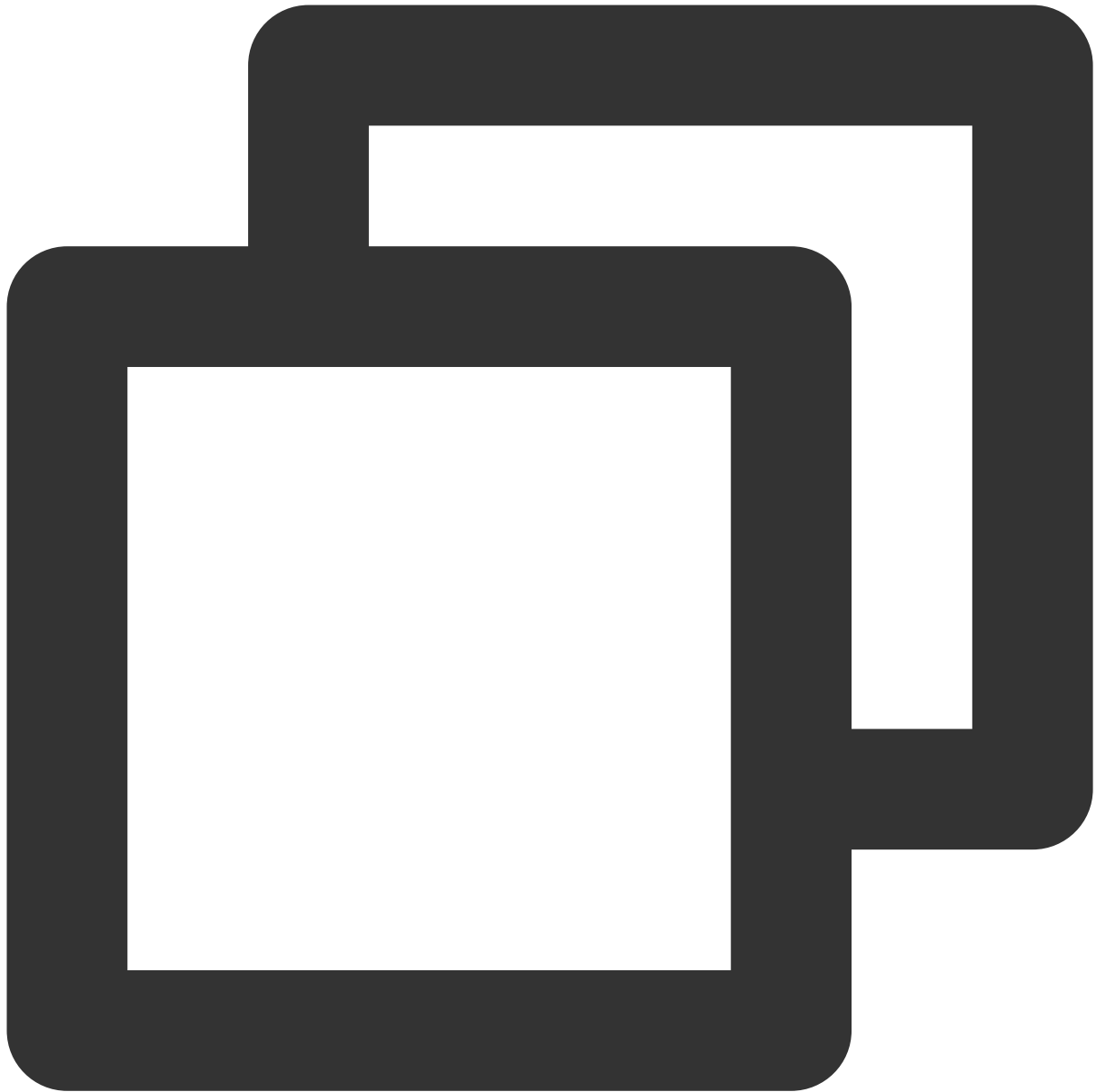
Replace Text:

- PASSWORD: your loign password
- If you choose to manually replace the login password encode the <PASSWORD>:

1. Execute the following command:

```
node -e "require('readline') .createInte"
```

Be sure to save the generated configuration:



```
registry=https://my-team-npm.pkg.coding.net/my-project/my-npm-repo/  
always-auth=true  
//my-team-npm.pkg.coding.net/my-project/my-npm-repo/:username=xxxxxx  
//my-team-npm.pkg.coding.net/my-project/my-npm-repo/:_password=xxxxx  
//my-team-npm.pkg.coding.net/my-project/my-npm-repo/:email=xxxxx
```

CODING npm repository supports proxies. You can also set the npm registry to the CODING-AR repository to pull public artifacts.

Note:

For how to use npm repositories in CODING Continuous Integration, see [Continuous Integration > Build npm Artifacts](#).

Permission Issues

How can I pull artifacts from the repositories of other CODING projects?

You can use project tokens to pull artifacts from other CODING repositories.

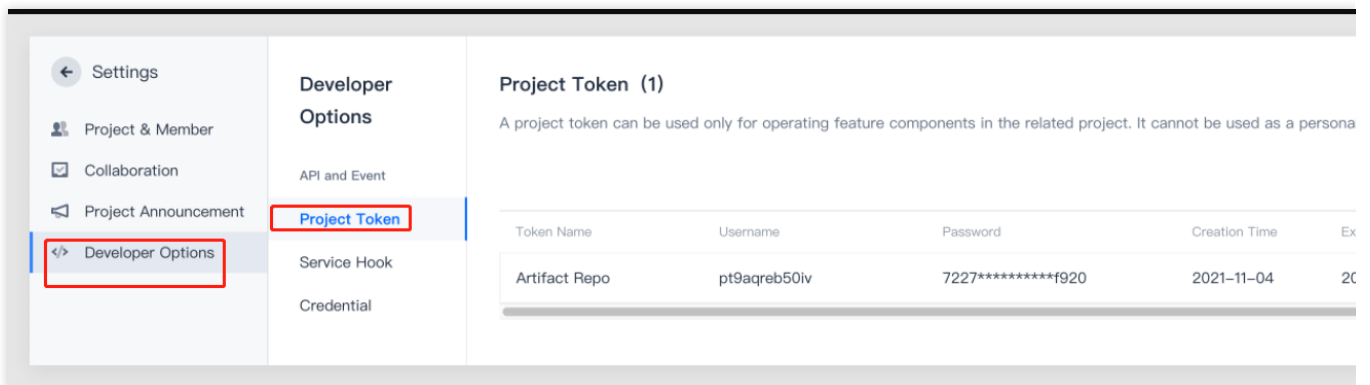
In this example, we will use two different projects:

The project from which artifacts are pulled is "Project A".

The project that pulls artifacts is "Project B".

Step 1: create a project token in Project A

1. Open project A, go to **Project Settings > Developer Options > Project Token**, and click **Create Project Token**.



2. Configure the artifact repository permissions.

Publish API Documentation Create, query, edit, delete Read and manipulate project me... Read and operate the project per...

← Settings

- Project & Member
- Collaboration
- Project Announcement
- Developer Options**

Code Repository Permission ⓘ

Unified configuration all code warehouse permissions Appointed warehouse code configuration access

Repository Name	Access Permission	Operation Permission
* All Code Repositories in the Project	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Read Read Code Repository	<input type="checkbox"/> Read/Write Push to Code Repository

Artifact Repository Permission

United configure all products warehouse permissions Specified products warehouse configuration access

Artifact Repository Name	Access Permission	Operation Permission
* all products in the project library	<input type="checkbox"/> Read Pull Artifact Repository	<input type="checkbox"/> Read/Write Pull or Push Artifact Repository

Continuous Integration Permission

Build Node Allow the build nodes to access.

API Trigger Use APIs to trigger the build of continuous integration.

Build Job Build job management / Trigger build (For Open API only) |

Create Cancel

3. Click **OK** to create the token.

← Settings

- Project & Member
- Collaboration
- Project Announcement
- Developer Options**

Developer Options

- API and Event
- Project Token**
- Service Hook
- Credential

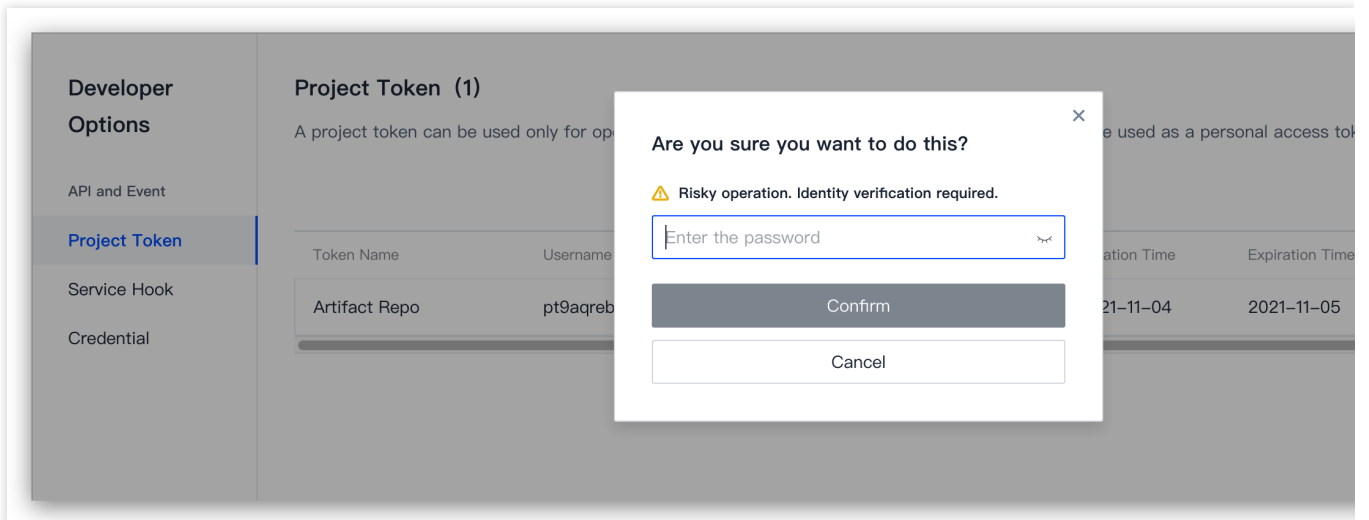
Project Token (1)

A project token can be used only for operating feature components in the related project. It cannot be used as a personal e

Token Name	Username	Password	Creation Time	Expire
Artifact Repo	pt9aqreb50iv	7227*****f920	2021-11-04	202

Step 2: use the token created in Project A as the username and password in Project B to pull artifacts

1. Configure the authentication information based on your artifact type.
2. Go back to the token page in Project A and click "View Password".



3. When configuring authentication information for the repository in Project B, use the project token username and token password as the username and password.

4. After entering the correct information, you can pull artifacts from other CODING project repositories.

Why does the artifact repository contain dependencies that were not pushed?

This occurs when the proxy feature is enabled in the repository. If a proxy is used, the artifact repository will serve as a centralized platform to help you manage third-party artifact dependencies by pulling dependencies from the proxy. You can track dependencies in your team in CODING-AR and perform dependency vulnerability scans for dependency audits.

Mirror Issues

Why can't I pull dependencies from an artifact repository?

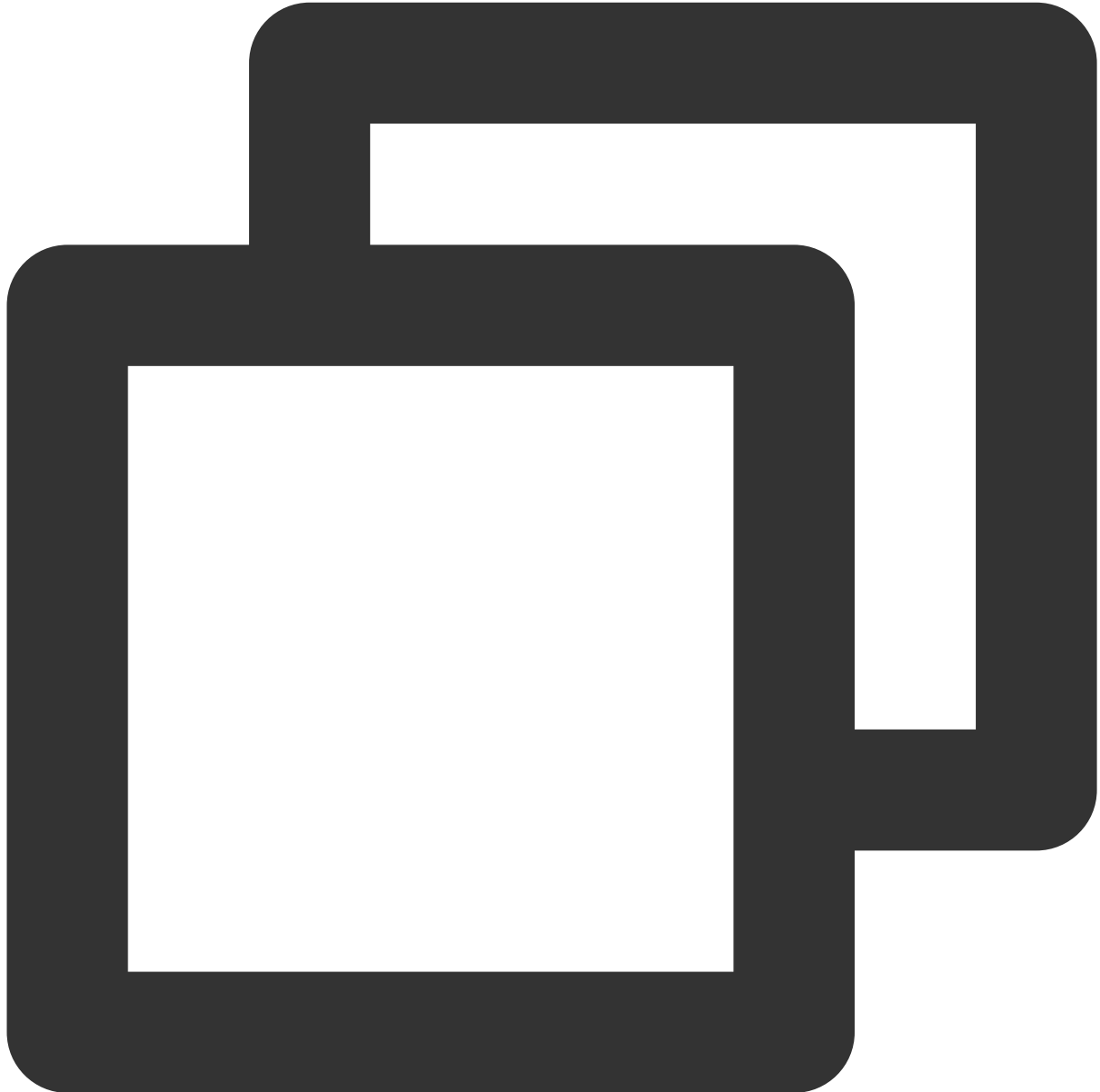
If the mirrors parameter is used for acceleration, you may fail to pull the dependency from the artifact repository for builds, as shown in the screenshot below:

```
[INFO] Finished at: 2021-05-19T10:44:33+08:00
[INFO] -----
[ERROR] Failed to execute goal on project maven-mirror-test: Could not resolve dependencies for project org.example:maven-mirror-test:jar:2.0.0: Could not find artifact org.example:maven-child:jar:2.0.0 in nexus-tencentyun (http://mirrors.cloud.tencent.com/nexus-tencentyun)
[ERROR]
[ERROR] To see the full stack trace of the errors, re-run Maven with the -e switch.
[ERROR] Re-run Maven using the -X switch to enable full debug logging.
[ERROR]
[ERROR] For more information about the errors and possible solutions, please read the following articles:
[ERROR] [Help 1] http://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/MAVEN/DependencyResolutionException
```

This problem may occur when the mirror is configured to be used for pulling in `<mirrorOf>*/</mirrorOf>` in

`<mirror>` , but the mirror does not contain the dependency in CODING-AR. There are two solutions to this problem.

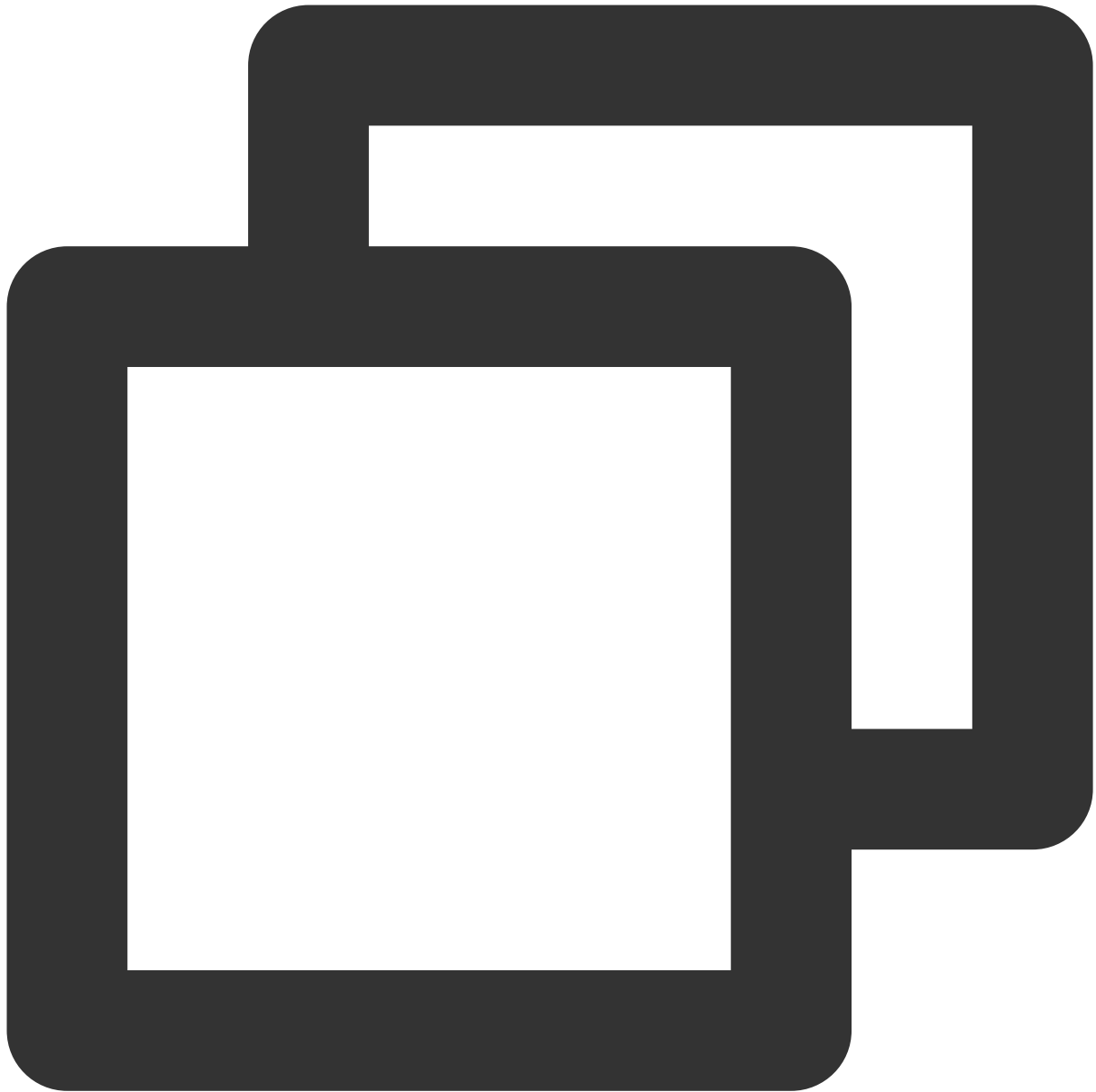
Method 1: modify the parameter configuration to only allow artifacts for non-CODING repositories to be pulled from the mirror.



```
<settings>
  <!-- Configure profiles according to the pull guide in the CODING repository -->
  <profiles>
    <profile>
      <id>Repository Proxy</id>
```

```
<activation>
  <activeByDefault>true</activeByDefault>
</activation>
<repositories>
  <repository>
    <id>coding-maven-repo-id</id>
    <name>coding-maven-repo-name</name>
    <url>https://coding-maven-repo-url</url>
    <releases>
      <enabled>true</enabled>
    </releases>
    <snapshots>
      <enabled>true</enabled>
    </snapshots>
  </repository>
</repositories>
</profile>
</profiles>
<mirrors>
  <mirror>
    <id>nexus-tencentyun</id>
    <!-- Only artifacts not from the coding-maven-repo-id source can be pul
    <mirrorOf>!coding-maven-repo-id</mirrorOf>
    <name>Nexus tencentyun</name>
    <url>http://mirrors.cloud.tencent.com/nexus/repository/maven-public/</u
  </mirror>
</mirrors>
</settings>
```

Method 2: delete the `<mirrors>` configuration and add the mirror in the CODING-AR repository. This will proxy and save all open-source dependencies to CODING-AR.



```
<settings>
  <!-- Configure profiles according to the pull guide in the CODING repository -->
  <profiles>
    <profile>
      <id>Repository Proxy</id>
      <activation>
        <activeByDefault>true</activeByDefault>
      </activation>
      <repositories>
        <repository>
          <id>coding-maven-repo-id</id>
```



```
<name>coding-maven-repo-name</name>
<url>https://coding-maven-repo-url</url>
<releases>
  <enabled>true</enabled>
</releases>
<snapshots>
  <enabled>true</enabled>
</snapshots>
</repository>
</repositories>
</profile>
</profiles>
</settings>
```

Note:

If the CI mirror acceleration is configured in the global environment configuration

`${M2_HOME}/conf/settings.xml` , you must overwrite it with the project's `settings.xml` configuration.



```
mvn install -s "./settings.xml"
```