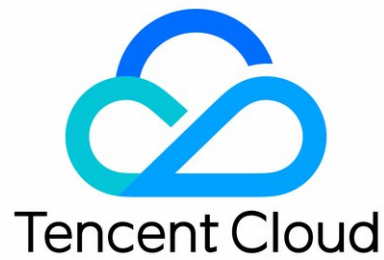


Direct Connect

API Document

Product Documentation




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Introduction

Last updated : 2020-06-11 16:12:04

Welcome to Tencent Cloud Direct Connect (DC). DC provides a secure and fast connection between Tencent Cloud and your on-premises IDC. You can connect Tencent Cloud computing resources in multiple regions with a single dedicated connection to implement flexible and reliable hybrid cloud deployment. This API documentation describes how to manage DC connections via API. Please ensure that you are familiar with the concept of DC as well as its usage and billing methods before you use these APIs.

In case of any conflict between the valid values of any parameter provided in the API documentation and those provided on the Tencent Cloud official website, the latter prevails.

Note :

All DC APIs in this section have been upgraded to API 3.0. Future DC features will also be added here. We recommend using API 3.0.

Legacy APIs remain available, but will not be updated. For more information, please see DC [API Overview \(legacy\)](#).

History

Last updated : 2020-09-10 17:38:28

Existing Release

Release time: 2020-08-13 23:14:15

Existing APIs/data structures are as follows:

Improvement to existing documentation.

Existing APIs:

- [AcceptDirectConnectTunnel](#)
- [CreateDirectConnect](#)
- [CreateDirectConnectTunnel](#)
- [DeleteDirectConnect](#)
- [DeleteDirectConnectTunnel](#)
- [DescribeAccessPoints](#)
- [DescribeDirectConnectTunnels](#)
- [DescribeDirectConnects](#)
- [ModifyDirectConnectAttribute](#)
- [ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute](#)
- [RejectDirectConnectTunnel](#)

Existing data structures:

- [AccessPoint](#)
- [BgpPeer](#)
- [DirectConnect](#)
- [DirectConnectTunnel](#)
- [Filter](#)
- [RouteFilterPrefix](#)
- [Tag](#)

API Category

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:00

Direct Connect APIs

API Name	Feature
AcceptDirectConnectTunnel	Accepts an application for a dedicated tunnel
CreateDirectConnect	Applies for connection
CreateDirectConnectTunnel	Creates a dedicated tunnel
DeleteDirectConnect	Deletes connection
DeleteDirectConnectTunnel	Deletes a dedicated tunnel
DescribeAccessPoints	Queries connection access points
DescribeDirectConnectTunnels	Queries the list of dedicated tunnels
DescribeDirectConnects	Queries the list of connections
ModifyDirectConnectAttribute	Modifies connection attributes
ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute	Modifies the dedicated tunnel attributes
RejectDirectConnectTunnel	Rejects an application for a dedicated tunnel

Making API Requests

Request Structure

Last updated : 2020-09-10 17:38:27

1. Service Address

The API supports access from either a nearby region (at `dc.tencentcloudapi.com`) or a specified region (at `dc.ap-guangzhou.tencentcloudapi.com` for Guangzhou, for example).

We recommend using the domain name to access the nearest server. When you call an API, the request is automatically resolved to a server in the region **nearest** to the location where the API is initiated. For example, when you initiate an API request in Guangzhou, this domain name is automatically resolved to a Guangzhou server, the result is the same as that of specifying the region in the domain like "`dc.ap-guangzhou.tencentcloudapi.com`".

**Note: For latency-sensitive businesses, we recommend that you specify the region in the domain name. **

Tencent Cloud currently supports the following regions:

Hosted region	Domain name
Local access region (recommended, only for non-financial availability zones)	<code>dc.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
South China (Guangzhou)	<code>dc.ap-guangzhou.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
East China (Shanghai)	<code>dc.ap-shanghai.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
North China (Beijing)	<code>dc.ap-beijing.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Southwest China (Chengdu)	<code>dc.ap-chengdu.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Southwest China (Chongqing)	<code>dc.ap-chongqing.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Hong Kong, Macao, Taiwan (Hong Kong, China)	<code>dc.ap-hongkong.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Southeast Asia (Singapore)	<code>dc.ap-singapore.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Southeast Asia (Bangkok)	<code>dc.ap-bangkok.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
South Asia (Mumbai)	<code>dc.ap-mumbai.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Northeast Asia (Seoul)	<code>dc.ap-seoul.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Northeast Asia (Tokyo)	<code>dc.ap-tokyo.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
U.S. East Coast (Virginia)	<code>dc.na-ashburn.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
U.S. West Coast (Silicon Valley)	<code>dc.na-siliconvalley.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
North America (Toronto)	<code>dc.na-toronto.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Europe (Frankfurt)	<code>dc.eu-frankfurt.tencentcloudapi.com</code>
Europe (Moscow)	<code>dc.eu-moscow.tencentcloudapi.com</code>

2. Communications Protocol

All the Tencent Cloud APIs communicate via HTTPS, providing highly secure communication tunnels.

3. Request Methods

Supported HTTP request methods:

- POST (recommended)
- GET

The Content-Type types supported by POST requests:

- application/json (recommended). The TC3-HMAC-SHA256 signature algorithm must be used.
- application/x-www-form-urlencoded. The HmacSHA1 or HmacSHA256 signature algorithm must be used.
- multipart/form-data (only supported by certain APIs). You must use TC3-HMAC-SHA256 to calculate the signature.

The size of a GET request packet is up to 32 KB. The size of a POST request is up to 1 MB when the HmacSHA1 or HmacSHA256 signature algorithm is used, and up to 10 MB when TC3-HMAC-SHA256 is used.

4. Character Encoding

Only UTF-8 encoding is used.

Common Params

Last updated : 2020-03-27 18:27:36

Common parameters are used for all APIs authenticating requestors. Common parameters must be included in all API requests, and they will not be described in individual API documents.

Signature Algorithm v3

When the TC3-HMAC-SHA256 algorithm is used, the common parameters should be uniformly placed in the HTTP request header, as shown below:

Parameter Name	Type	Required	Description
X-TC-Action	String	Yes	The name of the API for the desired operation. For the specific value, see the description of common parameter <code>Action</code> in the input parameters in related API documentation. For example, the API for querying the CVM instance list is <code>DescribeInstances</code> .
X-TC-Region	String	Yes	Region parameter, which is used to identify the region to which the data you want to work with belongs. For values supported for an API, see the description of common parameter <code>Region</code> in the input parameters in related API documentation. Note: This parameter is not required for some APIs (which will be indicated in related API documentation), and will not take effect even it is passed.
X-TC-Timestamp	Integer	Yes	The current UNIX timestamp that records the time when the API request was initiated, for example, 1529223702. Note: If the difference between the UNIX timestamp and the server time is greater than 5 minutes, a signature expiration error may occur.
X-TC-Version	String	Yes	API version of the action. For the valid values, see the description of the common input parameter <code>Version</code> in the API documentation. For example, the version of CVM is 2017-03-12.
Authorization	String	Yes	The HTTP authentication request header, for example: TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDEXAMPLE/Date/service/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=fe5f80f77d5fa3beca038a248ff027d0445342fe2855ddc963176630326f1024 Here: - TC3-HMAC-SHA256: Signature method, currently fixed as this value; - Credential: Signature credential; AKIDEXAMPLE is the SecretId; Date is a date in UTC time, and this value must match the value of X-TC-Timestamp (a common parameter) in UTC time format; service is the name of the product/service, and is generally a domain name prefix. For example, a domain name cvm.tencentcloudapi.com refers to the CVM product and the value would be cvm; - SignedHeaders: The headers that contains the authentication information; content-type and host are the required headers; - Signature: Signature digest.
X-TC-Token	String	No	The token used for a temporary certificate. It must be used with a temporary key. You can obtain the temporary key and token by calling a CAM API. No token is required for a long-term key.

Assuming you want to query the list of Cloud Virtual Machine instances in the Guangzhou region, the request structure in the form of request URL, request header and request body may be as follows:

Example of an HTTP GET request structure:

```
https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?Limit=10&Offset=0
```

```
Authorization: TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3EXAMPLE/2018-10-09/cvm/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=5da7a33f6993f0614b047e5df4582db9e9bf4672ba50567dba16c6ccf174c474
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com
X-TC-Action: DescribeInstances
X-TC-Version: 2017-03-12
X-TC-Timestamp: 1539084154
X-TC-Region: ap-guangzhou
```

The following example shows you how to structure an HTTP POST (application/json) request:

```
https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/
```

```
Authorization: TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDEXAMPLE/2018-05-30/cvm/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=582c400e06b5924a6f2b5d7d672d79c15b13162d9279b0855cfba6789a8edb4c
Content-Type: application/json
Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com
X-TC-Action: DescribeInstances
X-TC-Version: 2017-03-12
X-TC-Timestamp: 1527672334
X-TC-Region: ap-guangzhou
```

```
{"Offset":0,"Limit":10}
```

Example of an HTTP POST (multipart/form-data) request structure (only supported by specific APIs):

```
https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/
```

```
Authorization: TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDEXAMPLE/2018-05-30/cvm/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=582c400e06b5924a6f2b5d7d672d79c15b13162d9279b0855cfba6789a8edb4c
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=58731222010402
Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com
X-TC-Action: DescribeInstances
X-TC-Version: 2017-03-12
X-TC-Timestamp: 1527672334
X-TC-Region: ap-guangzhou
```

```
--58731222010402
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="Offset"
```

```
0
```

```
--58731222010402
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="Limit"
```

```
10
```

```
--58731222010402--
```

Signature Algorithm v1

To adopt the HmacSHA1 and HmacSHA256 signature methods, common parameters must be put into the request string, as shown below:

Parameter Name	Type	Required	Description
----------------	------	----------	-------------

Parameter Name	Type	Required	Description
Action	String	Yes	The name of the API for the desired operation. For the specific value, see the description of common parameter <code>Action</code> in the input parameters in related API documentation. For example, the API for querying the CVM instance list is <code>DescribeInstances</code> .
Region	String	Yes	Region parameter, which is used to identify the region to which the data you want to work with belongs. For values supported for an API, see the description of common parameter <code>Region</code> in the input parameters in related API documentation. Note: This parameter is not required for some APIs (which will be indicated in related API documentation), and will not take effect even if it is passed.
Timestamp	Integer	Yes	The current UNIX timestamp that records the time when the API request was initiated, for example, 1529223702. If the difference between the value and the current system time is too large, a signature expiration error may occur.
Nonce	Integer	Yes	A random positive integer used along with <code>Timestamp</code> to prevent replay attacks.
SecretId	String	Yes	The identifying <code>SecretId</code> obtained on the Cloud API Key page. A <code>SecretId</code> corresponds to a unique <code>SecretKey</code> which is used to generate the request signature (Signature).
Signature	String	Yes	Request signature used to verify the validity of this request. This is calculated based on the actual input parameters. For more information about how this is calculated, see the API authentication documentation.
Version	String	Yes	API version of the action. For the valid values, see the description of the common input parameter <code>Version</code> in the API documentation. For example, the version of CVM is 2017-03-12.
SignatureMethod	String	No	Signature method. Currently, only HmacSHA256 and HmacSHA1 are supported. The HmacSHA256 algorithm is used to verify the signature only when this parameter is specified as HmacSHA256. In other cases, the signature is verified with HmacSHA1.
Token	String	No	The token used for a temporary certificate. It must be used with a temporary key. You can obtain the temporary key and token by calling a CAM API. No token is required for a long-term key.

Assuming you want to query the list of Cloud Virtual Machine instances in the Guangzhou region, the request structure in the form of request URL, request header and request body may be as follows:

Example of an HTTP GET request structure:

```
https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeInstances&Version=2017-03-12&SignatureMethod=HmacSHA256&Timestamp=1527672334&Signature=37ac2f4fde00b0ac9bd9eadeb459b1bbee224158d66e7ae5fcadb70b2d181d02&Region=ap-guangzhou&Nonce=23823223&SecretId=AKIDEXAMPLE
```

```
Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
```

Example of an HTTP POST request structure:

```
https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/
```

```
Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
```

```
Action=DescribeInstances&Version=2017-03-12&SignatureMethod=HmacSHA256&Timestamp=1527672334&Signature=37ac2f4fde00b0ac9bd9eadeb459b1bbee224158d66e7ae5fcadb70b2d181d02&Region=ap-guangzhou&Nonce=23823223&SecretId=AKIDEXAMPLE
```

Signature v3

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TencentCloud API authenticates every single request, i.e., the request must be signed using the security credentials in the designated steps. Each request has to contain the signature information (Signature) in the common request parameters and be sent in the specified way and format.

Applying for Security Credentials

The security credential used in this document is a key, which includes a SecretId and a SecretKey. Each user can have up to two pairs of keys.

- SecretId: Used to identify the API caller, which is just like a username.
- SecretKey: Used to authenticate the API caller, which is just like a password.
- **You must keep your security credentials private and avoid disclosure; otherwise, your assets may be compromised. If they are disclosed, please disable them as soon as possible.**

You can apply for the security credentials through the following steps:

1. Log in to the [Tencent Cloud Console](#).
2. Go to the [TencentCloud API Key](#) console page.
3. On the [TencentCloud API Key](#) page, click **Create** to create a SecretId/SecretKey pair.

Using the Resources for Developers

TencentCloud API comes with SDKs for seven commonly used programming languages, including [Python](#), [Java](#), [PHP](#), [Go](#), [NodeJS](#) and [.NET](#). In addition, it provides [API Explorer](#) which enables online call, signature verification, and SDK code generation. If you have any troubles calculating a signature, consult these resources.

TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Signature Algorithm

Compatible with the previous HmacSHA1 and HmacSHA256 signature algorithms, the TC3-HMAC-SHA256 signature algorithm is more secure and supports larger requests and JSON format with better performance. We recommend using TC3-HMAC-SHA256 to calculate the signature.

TencentCloud API supports both GET and POST requests. For the GET method, only the Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded protocol format is supported. For the POST method, two protocol formats, Content-Type: application/json and Content-Type: multipart/form-data, are supported. The JSON format is supported by default for all business APIs, and the multipart format is supported only for specific business APIs. In this case, the API cannot be called in JSON format. See the specific business API documentation for more information. The POST method is recommended, as there is no difference in the results of both the methods, but the GET method only supports request packets up to 32 KB.

The following uses querying the list of CVM instances in the Guangzhou region as an example to describe the steps of signature splicing. We chose this API because:

1. CVM is activated by default, and this API is often used;
2. It is read-only and does not change the status of existing resources;
3. It covers many types of parameters, which allows it to be used to demonstrate how to use arrays containing data structures.

In the example, we try to choose common parameters and API parameters that are prone to mistakes. When you actually call an API, please use parameters based on the actual conditions. The parameters vary by API. Do not copy the parameters and values in this example.

Assuming that your SecretId and SecretKey are `AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****` and `Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****`, respectively, if you want to view the status of the instance in the Guangzhou region whose CVM instance name is "unnamed" and have only one data entry returned, then the request may be:

```
curl -X POST https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com \
-H "Authorization: TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****/2019-02-25/cvm/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type,host, Signature=c492e8e41437e97a620b728c301bb8d17e7dc0c17eeabce80c20cd70fc3a78ff" \
-H "Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8" \
-H "Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com" \
-H "X-TC-Action: DescribeInstances" \
-H "X-TC-Timestamp: 1551113065" \
-H "X-TC-Version: 2017-03-12" \
-H "X-TC-Region: ap-guangzhou" \
-d '{"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Values": ["unnamed"], "Name": "instance-name"}]}'
```

The signature calculation process is explained in detail below.

1. Concatenating the CanonicalRequest String

Concatenate the canonical request string (CanonicalRequest) in the following pseudocode format:

```
CanonicalRequest =
HTTPRequestMethod + '\n' +
CanonicalURI + '\n' +
CanonicalQueryString + '\n' +
CanonicalHeaders + '\n' +
SignedHeaders + '\n' +
HashedRequestPayload
```

Field Name	Explanation
HTTPRequestMethod	HTTP request method (GET or POST). This example uses <code>POST</code> .
CanonicalURI	URI parameter. Slash ("/") is used for API 3.0.
CanonicalQueryString	The query string in the URL of the originating HTTP request. This is always an empty string "" for POST requests, and is the string after the question mark (?) for GET requests. For example: <code>Limit=10&Offset=0</code> . Note: <code>CanonicalQueryString</code> must be URL-encoded, referencing RFC3986 , the UTF8 character set. We recommend using the programming language library. All special characters must be encoded and capitalized.
CanonicalHeaders	Header information for signature calculation, including at least two headers of <code>host</code> and <code>content-type</code> . Custom headers can be added to participate in the signature process to improve the uniqueness and security of the request. Concatenation rules: 1. Both the key and value of the header should be converted to lowercase with the leading and trailing spaces removed, so they are concatenated in the format of <code>key:value\n</code> format; 2. If there are multiple headers, they should be sorted in ASCII ascending order by the header keys (lowercase). The calculation result in this example is <code>content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8\nhost:cvm.tencentcloudapi.com\n</code> . Note: <code>content-type</code> must match the actually sent content. In some programming languages, a <code>charset</code> value would be added even if it is not specified. In this case, the request sent is different from the one signed, and the sever will return an error indicating that signature verification failed.
SignedHeaders	Header information for signature calculation, indicating which headers of the request participate in the signature process (they must each individually correspond to the headers in <code>CanonicalHeaders</code>).

	<p><code>Content-type</code> and <code>host</code> are required headers.</p> <p>Concatenation rules:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Both the key and value of the header should be converted to lowercase; If there are multiple headers, they should be sorted in ASCII ascending order by the header keys (lowercase) and separated by semicolons (;). <p>The value in this example is <code>content-type;host</code></p>
HashedRequestPayload	<p>Hash value of the request payload (i.e., the body, such as <code>{"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Values": ["unnamed"], "Name": "instance-name"}]}</code> in this example). The pseudocode for calculation is <code>Lowercase(HexEncode(Hash.SHA256(RequestPayload)))</code> by SHA256 hashing the payload of the HTTP request, performing hexadecimal encoding, and finally converting the encoded string to lowercase letters. For GET requests, <code>RequestPayload</code> is always an empty string. The calculation result in this example is <code>99d58dfbc6745f6747f36bfca17dee5e6881dc0428a0a36f96199342bc5b4907</code>.</p>

According to the rules above, the `CanonicalRequest` string obtained in the example is as follows:

```
POST
/

content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8
host:cvm.tencentcloudapi.com

content-type;host
99d58dfbc6745f6747f36bfca17dee5e6881dc0428a0a36f96199342bc5b4907
```

2. Concatenating the String to Be Signed

The string to sign is concatenated as follows:

```
StringToSign =
Algorithm + #n +
RequestTimestamp + #n +
CredentialScope + #n +
HashedCanonicalRequest
```

Field Name	Explanation
Algorithm	Signature algorithm, which is currently always <code>TC3-HMAC-SHA256</code> .
RequestTimestamp	Request timestamp, i.e., the value of the common parameter <code>X-TC-Timestamp</code> in the request header, which is the UNIX timestamp of the current time in seconds, such as <code>1551113065</code> in this example.
CredentialScope	Scope of the credential in the format of <code>Date/service/tc3_request</code> , including the date, requested service and termination string (<code>tc3_request</code>). Date is a date in UTC time, whose value should match the UTC date converted by the common parameter <code>X-TC-Timestamp</code> ; <code>service</code> is the product name, which should match the domain name of the product called. The calculation result in this example is <code>2019-02-25/cvm/tc3_request</code> .
HashedCanonicalRequest	Hash value of the <code>CanonicalRequest</code> string concatenated in the steps above. The pseudocode for calculation is <code>Lowercase(HexEncode(Hash.SHA256(CanonicalRequest)))</code> . The calculation result in this example is <code>2815843035062fffda5fd6f2a44ea8a34818b0dc46f024b8b3786976a3adda7a</code> .

Note:

1. Date has to be calculated from the timestamp "X-TC-Timestamp" and the time zone is UTC+0. If you add the system's local time zone information (such as UTC+8), calls can succeed both day and night but will definitely fail at 00:00. For example, if the timestamp is 1551113065 and the time in UTC+8 is 2019-02-26 00:44:25, the UTC+0 date in the calculated Date value should be 2019-02-25 instead of 2019-02-26.
2. Timestamp must be the same as your current system time, and your system time and standard time must be synced; if the difference between Timestamp and your current system time is larger than five minutes, the request will fail. If your system time is out of sync with the standard time for a while, the request will fail and return a signature expiration error.

According to the preceding rules, the string to be signed obtained in the example is as follows:

```
TC3-HMAC-SHA256
1551113065
2019-02-25/cvm/tc3_request
2815843035062ffda5fd6f2a44ea8a34818b0dc46f024b8b3786976a3adda7a
```

3. Calculating the Signature

1) Calculate the derived signature key with the following pseudocode:

```
SecretKey = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"
SecretDate = HMAC_SHA256("TC3" + SecretKey, Date)
SecretService = HMAC_SHA256(SecretDate, Service)
SecretSigning = HMAC_SHA256(SecretService, "tc3_request")
```

Field Name	Explanation
SecretKey	The original SecretKey, i.e., <code>Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****</code> .
Date	The Date field information in <code>Credential</code> , such as <code>2019-02-25</code> in this example.
Service	Value in the Service field in <code>Credential</code> , such as <code>cvm</code> in this example.

2) Calculate the signature with the following pseudocode:

```
Signature = HexEncode(HMAC_SHA256(SecretSigning, StringToSign))
```

4. Concatenating the Authorization

The Authorization is concatenated as follows:

```
Authorization =
Algorithm + ' ' +
'Credential=' + SecretId + '/' + CredentialScope + ', ' +
'SignedHeaders=' + SignedHeaders + ', ' +
'Signature=' + Signature
```

Field Name	Explanation
Algorithm	Signature algorithm, which is always <code>TC3-HMAC-SHA256</code> .
SecretId	The SecretId in the key pair, i.e., <code>AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WfkmLPx3*****</code> .
CredentialScope	Credential scope (see above). The calculation result in this example is <code>2019-02-25/cvm/tc3_request</code> .
SignedHeaders	Header information for signature calculation (see above), such as <code>content-type;host</code> in this example.

Signature	Signature value. The calculation result in this example is c492e8e41437e97a620b728c301bb8d17e7dc0c17eeabce80c20cd70fc3a78ff .
-----------	--

According to the rules above, the value obtained in the example is:

```
TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****/2019-02-25/cvm/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=c492e8e41437e97a620b728c301bb8d17e7dc0c17eeabce80c20cd70fc3a78ff
```

The following example shows a finished authorization header:

```
POST https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/
Authorization: TC3-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****/2019-02-25/cvm/tc3_request, SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=c492e8e41437e97a620b728c301bb8d17e7dc0c17eeabce80c20cd70fc3a78ff
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
Host: cvm.tencentcloudapi.com
X-TC-Action: DescribeInstances
X-TC-Version: 2017-03-12
X-TC-Timestamp: 1551113065
X-TC-Region: ap-guangzhou

{"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Values": ["unnamed"], "Name": "instance-name"}]}
```

5. Signature Demo

When calling API 3.0, you are recommended to use the corresponding Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 which encapsulates the signature process, enabling you to focus on only the specific APIs provided by the product when developing. See [SDK Center](#) for more information. Currently, the following programming languages are supported:

- [Python](#)
- [Java](#)
- [PHP](#)
- [Go](#)
- [NodeJS](#)
- [.NET](#)

To further explain the signing process, we will use a programming language to implement the process described above. The request domain name, API and parameter values in the sample are used here. This goal of this example is only to provide additional clarification for the signature process, please see the SDK for actual usage.

The final output URL might be: `https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeInstances&InstanceIds.0=ins-09dx96dg&Limit=20&Nonce=11886&Offset=0&Region=ap-guangzhou&SecretId=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****&Signature=Elip9YW3pW28FpsEdkXt%2F%2BWcGel%3D&Timestamp=1465185768&Version=2017-03-12.`

Note: The key in the example is fictitious, and the timestamp is not the current time of the system, so if this URL is opened in the browser or called using commands such as curl, an authentication error will be returned: Signature expired. In order to get a URL that can work properly, you need to replace the SecretId and SecretKey in the example with your real credentials and use the current time of the system as the Timestamp.

Note: In the example below, even if you use the same programming language, the order of the parameters in the URL may be different for each execution. However, the order does not matter, as long as all the parameters are included in the URL and the signature is calculated correctly.

Note: The following code is only applicable to API 3.0. It cannot be directly used in other signature processes. Even with an older API, signature calculation errors may occur due to the differences in details. Please refer to the corresponding documentation.

Java

```

import java.nio.charset.Charset;
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.TimeZone;
import java.util.TreeMap;
import javax.crypto.Mac;
import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;
import javax.xml.bind.DatatypeConverter;

public class TencentCloudAPITC3Demo {
private final static Charset UTF8 = StandardCharsets.UTF_8;
private final static String SECRET_ID = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****";
private final static String SECRET_KEY = "Gu5t9xGARNppq86cd98joQYCN3*****";
private final static String CT_JSON = "application/json; charset=utf-8";

public static byte[] hmac256(byte[] key, String msg) throws Exception {
Mac mac = Mac.getInstance("HmacSHA256");
SecretKeySpec secretKeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(key, mac.getAlgorithm());
mac.init(secretKeySpec);
return mac.doFinal(msg.getBytes(UTF8));
}

public static String sha256Hex(String s) throws Exception {
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-256");
byte[] d = md.digest(s.getBytes(UTF8));
return DatatypeConverter.printHexBinary(d).toLowerCase();
}

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
String service = "cvm";
String host = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com";
String region = "ap-guangzhou";
String action = "DescribeInstances";
String version = "2017-03-12";
String algorithm = "TC3-HMAC-SHA256";
String timestamp = "1551113065";
//String timestamp = String.valueOf(System.currentTimeMillis() / 1000);
SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
// Pay attention to the time zone; otherwise, errors may occur
sdf.setTimeZone(TimeZone.getTimeZone("UTC"));
String date = sdf.format(new Date(Long.valueOf(timestamp + "000")));

// ***** Step 1: Concatenate the CanonicalRequest string *****
String httpRequestMethod = "POST";
String canonicalUri = "/";
String canonicalQueryString = "";
String canonicalHeaders = "content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8\r\n" + "host:" + host + "\r\n";
String signedHeaders = "content-type;host";

String payload = "{\"Limit\": 1, \"Filters\": [{\"Values\": [\"unnamed\"], \"Name\": \"instance-name\"}] }";
String hashedRequestPayload = sha256Hex(payload);
String canonicalRequest = httpRequestMethod + "\r\n" + canonicalUri + "\r\n" + canonicalQueryString + "\r\n"
+ canonicalHeaders + "\r\n" + signedHeaders + "\r\n" + hashedRequestPayload;
System.out.println(canonicalRequest);

// ***** Step 2: Concatenate the string to sign *****
String credentialScope = date + "/" + service + "/" + "tc3_request";
String hashedCanonicalRequest = sha256Hex(canonicalRequest);
String stringToSign = algorithm + "\r\n" + timestamp + "\r\n" + credentialScope + "\r\n" + hashedCanonicalRequest;

```

```

System.out.println(stringToSign);

// ***** Step 3: Calculate the signature *****
byte[] secretDate = hmac256(("TC3" + SECRET_KEY).getBytes(UTF8), date);
byte[] secretService = hmac256(secretDate, service);
byte[] secretSigning = hmac256(secretService, "tc3_request");
String signature = DatatypeConverter.printHexBinary(hmac256(secretSigning, stringToSign)).toLowerCase();
System.out.println(signature);

// ***** Step 4: Concatenate the Authorization *****
String authorization = algorithm + " " + "Credential=" + SECRET_ID + "/" + credentialScope + ", "
+ "SignedHeaders=" + signedHeaders + ", " + "Signature=" + signature;
System.out.println(authorization);

TreeMap<String, String> headers = new TreeMap<String, String>();
headers.put("Authorization", authorization);
headers.put("Content-Type", CT_JSON);
headers.put("Host", host);
headers.put("X-TC-Action", action);
headers.put("X-TC-Timestamp", timestamp);
headers.put("X-TC-Version", version);
headers.put("X-TC-Region", region);

StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
sb.append("curl -X POST https://").append(host)
.append(" -H %Authorization: ").append(authorization).append("%")
.append(" -H %Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8%")
.append(" -H %Host: ").append(host).append("%")
.append(" -H %X-TC-Action: ").append(action).append("%")
.append(" -H %X-TC-Timestamp: ").append(timestamp).append("%")
.append(" -H %X-TC-Version: ").append(version).append("%")
.append(" -H %X-TC-Region: ").append(region).append("%")
.append(" -d ' '").append(payload).append(" ");
System.out.println(sb.toString());
}
}

```

Python

```

# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import hashlib, hmac, json, os, sys, time
from datetime import datetime

# Key Parameters
secret_id = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkLPx3*****"
secret_key = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"

service = "cvm"
host = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com"
endpoint = "https://" + host
region = "ap-guangzhou"
action = "DescribeInstances"
version = "2017-03-12"
algorithm = "TC3-HMAC-SHA256"
#timestamp = int(time.time())
timestamp = 1551113065
date = datetime.utcnow().strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
params = {"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Name": "instance-name", "Values": ["unnamed"]}]}

# ***** Step 1: Concatenate the CanonicalRequest string *****
http_request_method = "POST"

```

```

canonical_uri = "/"
canonical_querystring = ""
ct = "application/json; charset=utf-8"
payload = json.dumps(params)
canonical_headers = "content-type:%s\nhost:%s\n" % (ct, host)
signed_headers = "content-type;host"
hashed_request_payload = hashlib.sha256(payload.encode("utf-8")).hexdigest()
canonical_request = (http_request_method + "\n" +
canonical_uri + "\n" +
canonical_querystring + "\n" +
canonical_headers + "\n" +
signed_headers + "\n" +
hashed_request_payload)
print(canonical_request)

# ***** Step 2: Concatenate the string to sign *****
credential_scope = date + "/" + service + "/" + "tc3_request"
hashed_canonical_request = hashlib.sha256(canonical_request.encode("utf-8")).hexdigest()
string_to_sign = (algorithm + "\n" +
str(timestamp) + "\n" +
credential_scope + "\n" +
hashed_canonical_request)
print(string_to_sign)

# ***** Step 3: Calculate the Signature *****
# Function for computing signature digest
def sign(key, msg):
return hmac.new(key, msg.encode("utf-8"), hashlib.sha256).digest()
secret_date = sign(("TC3" + secret_key).encode("utf-8"), date)
secret_service = sign(secret_date, service)
secret_signing = sign(secret_service, "tc3_request")
signature = hmac.new(secret_signing, string_to_sign.encode("utf-8"), hashlib.sha256).hexdigest()
print(signature)

# ***** Step 4: Concatenate the Authorization *****
authorization = (algorithm + " " +
"Credential=" + secret_id + "/" + credential_scope + ", " +
"SignedHeaders=" + signed_headers + ", " +
"Signature=" + signature)
print(authorization)

print('curl -X POST ' + endpoint
+ ' -H "Authorization: ' + authorization + '"
+ ' -H "Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8"
+ ' -H "Host: ' + host + '"
+ ' -H "X-TC-Action: ' + action + '"
+ ' -H "X-TC-Timestamp: ' + str(timestamp) + '"
+ ' -H "X-TC-Version: ' + version + '"
+ ' -H "X-TC-Region: ' + region + '"
+ " -d '" + payload + "'")

```

Golang

```

package main

import (
    "crypto/hmac"
    "crypto/sha256"
    "encoding/hex"
    "fmt"

```

```
"time"
)

func sha256hex(s string) string {
b := sha256.Sum256([]byte(s))
return hex.EncodeToString(b[:])
}

func hmacsha256(s, key string) string {
hashed := hmac.New(sha256.New, []byte(key))
hashed.Write([]byte(s))
return string(hashed.Sum(nil))
}

func main() {
secretId := "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****"
secretKey := "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"
host := "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com"
algorithm := "TC3-HMAC-SHA256"
service := "cvm"
version := "2017-03-12"
action := "DescribeInstances"
region := "ap-guangzhou"
//var timestamp int64 = time.Now().Unix()
var timestamp int64 = 1551113065

// step 1: build canonical request string
httpRequestMethod := "POST"
canonicalURI := "/"
canonicalQueryString := ""
canonicalHeaders := "content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8\n" + "host:" + host + "\n"
signedHeaders := "content-type;host"
payload := `{"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Values": ["unnamed"], "Name": "instance-name"}]}`
hashedRequestPayload := sha256hex(payload)
canonicalRequest := fmt.Sprintf("%s\n%s\n%s\n%s\n%s\n%s\n%s",
httpRequestMethod,
canonicalURI,
canonicalQueryString,
canonicalHeaders,
signedHeaders,
hashedRequestPayload)
fmt.Println(canonicalRequest)

// step 2: build string to sign
date := time.Unix(timestamp, 0).UTC().Format("2006-01-02")
credentialScope := fmt.Sprintf("%s/%s/tc3_request", date, service)
hashedCanonicalRequest := sha256hex(canonicalRequest)
string2sign := fmt.Sprintf("%s\n%d\n%s\n%s",
algorithm,
timestamp,
credentialScope,
hashedCanonicalRequest)
fmt.Println(string2sign)

// step 3: sign string
secretDate := hmacsha256(date, "TC3"+secretKey)
secretService := hmacsha256(service, secretDate)
secretSigning := hmacsha256("tc3_request", secretService)
signature := hex.EncodeToString([]byte(hmacsha256(string2sign, secretSigning)))
fmt.Println(signature)

// step 4: build authorization
```

```

authorization := fmt.Sprintf("%s Credential=%s/%s, SignedHeaders=%s, Signature=%s",
algorithm,
secretId,
credentialScope,
signedHeaders,
signature)
fmt.Println(authorization)

curl := fmt.Sprintf(`curl -X POST https://%s%
-H "Authorization: %s"%
-H "Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8"%
-H "Host: %s" -H "X-TC-Action: %s"%
-H "X-TC-Timestamp: %d"%
-H "X-TC-Version: %s"%
-H "X-TC-Region: %s"%
-d '%s'`, host, authorization, host, action, timestamp, version, region, payload)
fmt.Println(curl)
}

```

PHP

```

<?php
$secretId = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****";
$secretKey = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****";
$host = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com";
$service = "cvm";
$version = "2017-03-12";
$action = "DescribeInstances";
$region = "ap-guangzhou";
// $timestamp = time();
$timestamp = 1551113065;
$algorithm = "TC3-HMAC-SHA256";

// step 1: build canonical request string
$httpRequestMethod = "POST";
$canonicalUri = "/";
$canonicalQueryString = "";
$canonicalHeaders = "content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8%
"host:". $host. "%
";
$signedHeaders = "content-type;host";
$payload = '{"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Values": ["unnamed"], "Name": "instance-name"}]}';
$hashedRequestPayload = hash("SHA256", $payload);
$canonicalRequest = $httpRequestMethod. "%
"
. $canonicalUri. "%
"
. $canonicalQueryString. "%
"
. $canonicalHeaders. "%
"
. $signedHeaders. "%
"
. $hashedRequestPayload;
echo $canonicalRequest.PHP_EOL;

// step 2: build string to sign
$date = gmdate("Y-m-d", $timestamp);
$credentialScope = $date. "/" . $service. "/tc3_request";
$hashedCanonicalRequest = hash("SHA256", $canonicalRequest);
$stringToSign = $algorithm. "%
"
. $timestamp. "%
"
. $credentialScope. "%
"
. $hashedCanonicalRequest;
echo $stringToSign.PHP_EOL;

// step 3: sign string
$secretDate = hash_hmac("SHA256", $date, "TC3". $secretKey, true);

```

```

$secretService = hash_hmac("SHA256", $service, $secretDate, true);
$secretSigning = hash_hmac("SHA256", "tc3_request", $secretService, true);
$signature = hash_hmac("SHA256", $stringToSign, $secretSigning);
echo $signature.PHP_EOL;

// step 4: build authorization
$authorization = $algorithm
." Credential=".$secretId."/".$credentialScope
.", SignedHeaders=content-type;host, Signature=".$signature;
echo $authorization.PHP_EOL;

$curl = "curl -X POST https://" . $host
.' -H "Authorization: ' . $authorization . '"
.' -H "Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8"
.' -H "Host: ' . $host . '"
.' -H "X-TC-Action: ' . $action . '"
.' -H "X-TC-Timestamp: ' . $timestamp . '"
.' -H "X-TC-Version: ' . $version . '"
.' -H "X-TC-Region: ' . $region . '"
.' -d ' . $payload . '" ";
echo $curl.PHP_EOL;

```

Ruby

```

# -*- coding: UTF-8 -*-
# require ruby>=2.3.0
require 'digest'
require 'json'
require 'time'
require 'openssl'

# Key Parameters
secret_id = 'AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****'
secret_key = 'Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****'

service = 'cvm'
host = 'cvm.tencentcloudapi.com'
endpoint = 'https://' + host
region = 'ap-guangzhou'
action = 'DescribeInstances'
version = '2017-03-12'
algorithm = 'TC3-HMAC-SHA256'
# timestamp = Time.now.to_i
timestamp = 1551113065
date = Time.at(timestamp).utc.strftime('%Y-%m-%d')

# ***** Step 1: Concatenate the CanonicalRequest string *****
http_request_method = 'POST'
canonical_uri = '/'
canonical_querystring = ''
canonical_headers = "content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8\nhost:#{host}\n"
signed_headers = 'content-type;host'
# params = { 'Limit' => 1, 'Filters' => [{ 'Name' => 'instance-name', 'Values' => ['unnamed'] }] }
# payload = JSON.generate(params, { 'ascii_only' => true, 'space' => ' ' })
# json will generate in random order, to get specified result in example, we hard-code it here.
payload = '{"Limit": 1, "Filters": [{"Values": ["unnamed"], "Name": "instance-name"}]}'
hashed_request_payload = Digest::SHA256.hexdigest(payload)
canonical_request = [
http_request_method,
canonical_uri,
canonical_querystring,

```

```

canonical_headers,
signed_headers,
hashed_request_payload,
].join("\n")

puts canonical_request

# ***** Step 2: Concatenate the string to sign *****
credential_scope = date + '/' + service + '/' + 'tc3_request'
hashed_request_payload = Digest::SHA256.hexdigest(canonical_request)
string_to_sign = [
algorithm,
timestamp.to_s,
credential_scope,
hashed_request_payload,
].join("\n")
puts string_to_sign

# ***** Step 3: Calculate the Signature *****
digest = OpenSSL::Digest.new('sha256')
secret_date = OpenSSL::HMAC.digest(digest, 'TC3' + secret_key, date)
secret_service = OpenSSL::HMAC.digest(digest, secret_date, service)
secret_signing = OpenSSL::HMAC.digest(digest, secret_service, 'tc3_request')
signature = OpenSSL::HMAC.hexdigest(digest, secret_signing, string_to_sign)
puts signature

# ***** Step 4: Concatenate the Authorization *****
authorization = "#{algorithm} Credential=#{secret_id}/#{credential_scope}, SignedHeaders=#{signed_headers}, Signature=#{signature}"
puts authorization

puts 'curl -X POST ' + endpoint %
+ ' -H "Authorization: ' + authorization + '" %
+ ' -H "Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8"' %
+ ' -H "Host: ' + host + '" %
+ ' -H "X-TC-Action: ' + action + '" %
+ ' -H "X-TC-Timestamp: ' + timestamp.to_s + '" %
+ ' -H "X-TC-Version: ' + version + '" %
+ ' -H "X-TC-Region: ' + region + '" %
+ " -d '" + payload + "'"

```

DotNet

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Security.Cryptography;
using System.Text;

public class Application
{
    public static string SHA256Hex(string s)
    {
        using (SHA256 algo = SHA256.Create())
        {
            byte[] hashbytes = algo.ComputeHash(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(s));
            StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder();
            for (int i = 0; i < hashbytes.Length; ++i)
            {
                builder.Append(hashbytes[i].ToString("x2"));
            }
            return builder.ToString();
        }
    }
}

```



```

}
}
public static byte[] HmacSHA256(byte[] key, byte[] msg)
{
using (HMACSHA256 mac = new HMACSHA256(key))
{
return mac.ComputeHash(msg);
}
}

public static Dictionary<String, String> BuildHeaders(string secretid,
string secretkey, string service, string endpoint, string region,
string action, string version, DateTime date, string requestPayload)
{
string datestr = date.ToString("yyyy-MM-dd");
DateTime startTime = new DateTime(1970, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, DateTimeKind.Utc);
long requestTimestamp = (long)Math.Round((date - startTime).TotalMilliseconds, MidpointRounding.AwayFromZero) / 1000;
// ***** Step 1: Concatenate the CanonicalRequest string *****
string algorithm = "TC3-HMAC-SHA256";
string httpRequestMethod = "POST";
string canonicalUri = "/";
string canonicalQueryString = "";
string contentType = "application/json";
string canonicalHeaders = "content-type:" + contentType + "; charset=utf-8\r\n" + "host:" + endpoint + "\r\n";
string signedHeaders = "content-type;host";
string hashedRequestPayload = SHA256Hex(requestPayload);
string canonicalRequest = httpRequestMethod + "\r\n"
+ canonicalUri + "\r\n"
+ canonicalQueryString + "\r\n"
+ canonicalHeaders + "\r\n"
+ signedHeaders + "\r\n"
+ hashedRequestPayload;
Console.WriteLine(canonicalRequest);
Console.WriteLine("-----");

// ***** Step 2: Concatenate the string to sign *****
string credentialScope = datestr + "/" + service + "/" + "tc3_request";
string hashedCanonicalRequest = SHA256Hex(canonicalRequest);
string stringToSign = algorithm + "\r\n" + requestTimestamp.ToString() + "\r\n" + credentialScope + "\r\n" + hashedCanonicalRequest;
Console.WriteLine(stringToSign);
Console.WriteLine("-----");

// ***** Step 3: Calculate the signature *****
byte[] tc3SecretKey = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes("TC3" + secretkey);
byte[] secretDate = HmacSHA256(tc3SecretKey, Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(datestr));
byte[] secretService = HmacSHA256(secretDate, Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(service));
byte[] secretSigning = HmacSHA256(secretService, Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes("tc3_request"));
byte[] signatureBytes = HmacSHA256(secretSigning, Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(stringToSign));
string signature = BitConverter.ToString(signatureBytes).Replace("-", "").ToLower();
Console.WriteLine(signature);
Console.WriteLine("-----");

// ***** Step 4: Concatenate the Authorization *****
string authorization = algorithm + " "
+ "Credential=" + secretid + "/" + credentialScope + ", "
+ "SignedHeaders=" + signedHeaders + ", "
+ "Signature=" + signature;
Console.WriteLine(authorization);
Console.WriteLine("-----");

Dictionary<string, string> headers = new Dictionary<string, string>();
headers.Add("Authorization", authorization);

```

```

headers.Add("Host", endpoint);
headers.Add("Content-Type", contentType + "; charset=utf-8");
headers.Add("X-TC-Timestamp", requestTimestamp.ToString());
headers.Add("X-TC-Version", version);
headers.Add("X-TC-Action", action);
headers.Add("X-TC-Region", region);
return headers;
}
}
public static void Main(string[] args)
{
    // SecretID and SecretKey
    string SECRET_ID = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****";
    string SECRET_KEY = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****";

    string service = "cvm";
    string endpoint = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com";
    string region = "ap-guangzhou";
    string action = "DescribeInstances";
    string version = "2017-03-12";

    // The timestamp `2019-02-26 00:44:25` used here is only for reference. In a project, use the following parameter:
    // DateTime date = DateTime.UtcNow;
    // Enter the correct time zone. We recommend using UTC timestamp to avoid errors.
    DateTime date = new DateTime(1970, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, DateTimeKind.Utc).AddSeconds(1551113065);
    string requestPayload = "{\"Limit\": 1, \"Filters\": [{\"Values\": [\"¥¥u672a¥¥u547d¥¥u540d¥\"], \"Name\": \"¥¥instance-name¥\"}]\"}";

    Dictionary<string, string> headers = BuildHeaders(SECRET_ID, SECRET_KEY, service
, endpoint, region, action, version, date, requestPayload);

    Console.WriteLine("POST https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com");
    foreach (KeyValuePair<string, string> kv in headers)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(kv.Key + ": " + kv.Value);
    }
    Console.WriteLine();
    Console.WriteLine(requestPayload);
}
}

```

NodeJS

```

const crypto = require('crypto');

function sha256(message, secret = '', encoding) {
    const hmac = crypto.createHmac('sha256', secret)
    return hmac.update(message).digest(encoding)
}

function getHash(message, encoding = 'hex') {
    const hash = crypto.createHash('sha256')
    return hash.update(message).digest(encoding)
}

function getDate(timestamp) {
    const date = new Date(timestamp * 1000)
    const year = date.getUTCFullYear()
    const month = ('0' + (date.getUTCMonth() + 1)).slice(-2)
    const day = ('0' + date.getUTCDate()).slice(-2)
    return `${year}-${month}-${day}`
}

function main(){

const SECRET_ID = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****"

```

```

const SECRET_KEY = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"

const endpoint = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com"
const service = "cvm"
const region = "ap-guangzhou"
const action = "DescribeInstances"
const version = "2017-03-12"
//const timestamp = getTime()
const timestamp = 1551113065
const date = getDate(timestamp)

// ***** Step 1: Concatenate the CanonicalRequest string *****
const signedHeaders = "content-type;host"

const payload = "{Limit: 1, Filters: [{Values: [unnamed], Name: instance-name}]}";

const hashedRequestPayload = getHash(payload);
const httpRequestMethod = "POST"
const canonicalUri = "/"
const canonicalQueryString = ""
const canonicalHeaders = "content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8" + "host:" + endpoint + "\n"

const canonicalRequest = httpRequestMethod + "\n"
+ canonicalUri + "\n"
+ canonicalQueryString + "\n"
+ canonicalHeaders + "\n"
+ signedHeaders + "\n"
+ hashedRequestPayload
console.log(canonicalRequest)
console.log("-----")

// ***** Step 2: Concatenate the string to sign *****
const algorithm = "TC3-HMAC-SHA256"
const hashedCanonicalRequest = getHash(canonicalRequest);
const credentialScope = date + "/" + service + "/" + "tc3_request"
const stringToSign = algorithm + "\n" +
timestamp + "\n" +
credentialScope + "\n" +
hashedCanonicalRequest
console.log(stringToSign)
console.log("-----")

// ***** Step 3: Calculate the signature *****
const kDate = sha256(date, 'TC3' + SECRET_KEY)
const kService = sha256(service, kDate)
const kSigning = sha256('tc3_request', kService)
const signature = sha256(stringToSign, kSigning, 'hex')
console.log(signature)
console.log("-----")

// ***** Step 4: Concatenate the Authorization *****
const authorization = algorithm + " " +
"Credential=" + SECRET_ID + "/" + credentialScope + ", " +
"SignedHeaders=" + signedHeaders + ", " +
"Signature=" + signature
console.log(authorization)
console.log("-----")

const Call_Information = 'curl -X POST ' + "https://" + endpoint
+ ' -H "Authorization: ' + authorization + '"
+ ' -H "Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8"'
+ ' -H "Host: ' + endpoint + '"

```

```

+ ' -H "X-TC-Action: ' + action + ' "'
+ ' -H "X-TC-Timestamp: ' + timestamp.toString() + ' "'
+ ' -H "X-TC-Version: ' + version + ' "'
+ ' -H "X-TC-Region: ' + region + ' "'
+ " -d '" + payload + '" "'
console.log(Call_Information)
}
main()

```

C++

```

#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <openssl/sha.h>
#include <openssl/hmac.h>

using namespace std;

string get_data(int64_t &timestamp)
{
    string utcDate;
    char buff[20] = {0};
    // time_t timenow;
    struct tm sttime;
    sttime = *gmtime(&timestamp);
    strftime(buff, sizeof(buff), "%Y-%m-%d", &sttime);
    utcDate = string(buff);
    return utcDate;
}

string int2str(int64_t n)
{
    std::stringstream ss;
    ss << n;
    return ss.str();
}

string sha256Hex(const string &str)
{
    char buf[3];
    unsigned char hash[SHA256_DIGEST_LENGTH];
    SHA256_CTX sha256;
    SHA256_Init(&sha256);
    SHA256_Update(&sha256, str.c_str(), str.size());
    SHA256_Final(hash, &sha256);
    std::string NewString = "";
    for(int i = 0; i < SHA256_DIGEST_LENGTH; i++)
    {
        sprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%02x", hash[i]);
        NewString = NewString + buf;
    }
    return NewString;
}

string HmacSha256(const string &key, const string &input)
{
    unsigned char hash[32];

    HMAC_CTX *h;
    #if OPENSSL_VERSION_NUMBER < 0x10100000L

```

```

HMAC_CTX hmac;
HMAC_CTX_init(&hmac);
h = &hmac;
#else
h = HMAC_CTX_new();
#endif

HMAC_Init_ex(h, &key[0], key.length(), EVP_sha256(), NULL);
HMAC_Update(h, ( unsigned char* )&input[0], input.length());
unsigned int len = 32;
HMAC_Final(h, hash, &len);

#if OPENSSSL_VERSION_NUMBER < 0x10100000L
HMAC_CTX_cleanup(h);
#else
HMAC_CTX_free(h);
#endif

std::stringstream ss;
ss << std::setfill('0');
for (int i = 0; i < len; i++)
{
ss << hash[i];
}

return (ss.str());
}

string HexEncode(const string &input)
{
static const char* const lut = "0123456789abcdef";
size_t len = input.length();

string output;
output.reserve(2 * len);
for (size_t i = 0; i < len; ++i)
{
const unsigned char c = input[i];
output.push_back(lut[c >> 4]);
output.push_back(lut[c & 15]);
}
return output;
}

int main()
{
string SECRET_ID = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****";
string SECRET_KEY = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****";

string service = "cvm";
string host = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com";
string region = "ap-guangzhou";
string action = "DescribeInstances";
string version = "2017-03-12";
int64_t timestamp = 1551113065;
string date = get_data(timestamp);

// ***** Step 1: Concatenate the CanonicalRequest string *****
string httpRequestMethod = "POST";
string canonicalUri = "/";
string canonicalQueryString = "";
string canonicalHeaders = "content-type:application/json; charset=utf-8%nhost:" + host + "%n";
string signedHeaders = "content-type;host";

```

```

string payload = "{\"Limit\": 1, \"Filters\": [{\"Values\": [\"unnamed\"], \"Name\": \"instance-name\"}] }";
string hashedRequestPayload = sha256Hex(payload);
string canonicalRequest = httpRequestMethod + "\n" + canonicalUri + "\n" + canonicalQueryString + "\n"
+ canonicalHeaders + "\n" + signedHeaders + "\n" + hashedRequestPayload;
cout << canonicalRequest << endl;
cout << "-----" << endl;

// ***** Step 2: Concatenate the string to sign *****
string algorithm = "TC3-HMAC-SHA256";
string RequestTimestamp = int2str(timestamp);
string credentialScope = date + "/" + service + "/" + "tc3_request";
string hashedCanonicalRequest = sha256Hex(canonicalRequest);
string stringToSign = algorithm + "\n" + RequestTimestamp + "\n" + credentialScope + "\n" + hashedCanonicalRequest;
cout << stringToSign << endl;
cout << "-----" << endl;

// ***** Step 3: Calculate the signature *****
string kKey = "TC3" + SECRET_KEY;
string kDate = HmacSha256(kKey, date);
string kService = HmacSha256(kDate, service);
string kSigning = HmacSha256(kService, "tc3_request");
string signature = HexEncode(HmacSha256(kSigning, stringToSign));
cout << signature << endl;
cout << "-----" << endl;

// ***** Step 4: Concatenate the Authorization *****
string authorization = algorithm + " " + "Credential=" + SECRET_ID + "/" + credentialScope + ", "
+ "SignedHeaders=" + signedHeaders + ", " + "Signature=" + signature;
cout << authorization << endl;
cout << "-----" << endl;

string headers = "curl -X POST https://" + host + "\n"
+ " -H \"Authorization: \" + authorization + "\n"
+ " -H \"Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8\" + "\n"
+ " -H \"Host: \" + host + "\n"
+ " -H \"X-TC-Action: \" + action + "\n"
+ " -H \"X-TC-Timestamp: \" + RequestTimestamp + "\n"
+ " -H \"X-TC-Version: \" + version + "\n"
+ " -H \"X-TC-Region: \" + region + "\n"
+ " -d '" + payload;
cout << headers << endl;
return 0;
};

```

Signature Failure

The following situational error codes for signature failure may occur. Please resolve the errors accordingly.

Error Code	Description
AuthFailure.SignatureExpire	Signature expired. Timestamp and server time cannot differ by more than five minutes.
AuthFailure.SecretIdNotFound	The key does not exist. Please go to the console to check whether it is disabled or you copied fewer or more characters.
AuthFailure.SignatureFailure	Signature error. It is possible that the signature was calculated incorrectly, the signature does not match the content actually sent, or the SecretKey is incorrect.
AuthFailure.TokenFailure	Temporary certificate token error.

AuthFailure.InvalidSecretId

Invalid key (not a TencentCloud API key type).

Signature

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Tencent Cloud API authenticates each access request, i.e. each request needs to include authentication information (Signature) in the common parameters to verify the identity of the requester.

The Signature is generated by the security credentials which include SecretId and SecretKey. If you don't have the security credentials yet, go to the [TencentCloud API Key](#) page to apply for them; otherwise, you cannot invoke the TencentCloud API.

1. Applying for Security Credentials

Before using the TencentCloud API for the first time, go to the [TencentCloud API Key](#) page to apply for security credentials.

Security credentials consist of SecretId and SecretKey:

- SecretId is used to identify the API requester.
- SecretKey is used to encrypt the signature string and verify it on the server.
- **You must keep your security credentials private and avoid disclosure.**

You can apply for the security credentials through the following steps:

1. Log in to the [Tencent Cloud Console](#).
2. Go to the [TencentCloud API Key](#) page.
3. On the [API Key Management](#) page, click **Create Key** to create a SecretId/SecretKey pair.

Note: Each account can have up to two pairs of SecretId/SecretKey.

2. Generating a Signature

With the SecretId and SecretKey, a signature can be generated. The following describes how to generate a signature:

Assume that the SecretId and SecretKey are:

- SecretId: AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****
- SecretKey: Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****

Note: This is just an example. For actual operations, please use your own SecretId and SecretKey.

Take the Cloud Virtual Machine's request to view the instance list (DescribeInstances) as an example. When you invoke this API, the request parameters may be as follows:

Parameter name	Description	Parameter value
Action	Method name	DescribeInstances
SecretId	Key ID	AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****
Timestamp	Current timestamp	1465185768
Nonce	Random positive integer	11886
Region	Region where the instance is located	ap-guangzhou
InstanceIds.0	ID of the instance to query	ins-09dx96dg
Offset	Offset	0

Parameter name	Description	Parameter value
Limit	Allowed maximum output	20
Version	API version number	2017-03-12

2.1. Sorting Parameters

First, sort all the request parameters in an ascending lexicographical order (ASCII code) by their names. Notes: (1) Parameters are sorted by their names instead of their values; (2) The parameters are sorted based on ASCII code, not in an alphabetical order or by values. For example, InstanceIds.2 should be arranged after InstanceIds.12. You can complete the sorting process using a sorting function in a programming language, such as the ksort function in PHP. The parameters in the example are sorted as follows:

```
{
  'Action' : 'DescribeInstances',
  'InstanceIds.0' : 'ins-09dx96dg',
  'Limit' : 20,
  'Nonce' : 11886,
  'Offset' : 0,
  'Region' : 'ap-guangzhou',
  'SecretId' : 'AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****',
  'Timestamp' : 1465185768,
  'Version' : '2017-03-12',
}
```

When developing in another programming language, you can sort these sample parameters and it will work as long as you obtain the same results.

2.2. Concatenating a Request String

This step generates a request string.

Format the request parameters sorted in the previous step into the form of "parameter name"="parameter value". For example, for the Action parameter, its parameter name is "Action" and its parameter value is "DescribeInstances", so it will become Action=DescribeInstances after formatted.

Note: The "parameter value" is the original value but not the value after URL encoding.

Then, concatenate the formatted parameters with "&". The resulting request string is as follows:

```
Action=DescribeInstances&InstanceIds.0=ins-09dx96dg&Limit=20&Nonce=11886&Offset=0&Region=ap-guangzhou&SecretId=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****&Timestamp=1465185768&Version=2017-03-12
```

2.3. Concatenating the Signature Original String

This step generates a signature original string.

The signature original string consists of the following parameters:

1. HTTP method: POST and GET modes are supported, and GET is used here for the request. Please note that the method name should be in all capital letters.
2. Request server: the domain name of the request to view the list of instances (DescribeInstances) is cvm.tencentcloudapi.com. The actual request domain name varies by the module to which the API belongs. For more information, see the instructions of the specific API.
3. Request path: The request path in the current version of TencentCloud API is fixed to /.
4. Request string: the request string generated in the previous step.

The concatenation rule of the signature original string is: Request method + request host + request path + ? + request string

The concatenation result of the example is:

```
GETcvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeInstances&InstanceIds.0=ins-09dx96dg&Limit=20&Nonce=11886&Offset=0&Region=ap-guangzhou&SecretId=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****&Timestamp=1465185768&Version=2017-03-12
```

2.4. Generating a Signature String

This step generates a signature string.

First, use the HMAC-SHA1 algorithm to sign the **signature original string** obtained in the previous step, and then encode the generated signature using Base64 to obtain the final signature.

The specific code is as follows with the PHP language being used as an example:

```
$secretKey = 'Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****';
$srcStr = 'GETcvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeInstances&InstanceIds.0=ins-09dx96dg&Limit=20&Nonce=11886&Offset=0&Region=ap-guangzhou&SecretId=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****&Timestamp=1465185768&Version=2017-03-12';
$signStr = base64_encode(hash_hmac('sha1', $srcStr, $secretKey, true));
echo $signStr;
```

The final signature is:

```
zmmjn35mikh6pM3V7sUEuX4wyYM=
```

When developing in another programming language, you can sign and verify the original in the example above and it works as long as you get the same results.

3. Encoding a Signature String

The generated signature string cannot be directly used as a request parameter and must be URL encoded.

For example, if the signature string generated in the previous step is zmmjn35mikh6pM3V7sUEuX4wyYM=, the final signature string request parameter (Signature) is zmmjn35mikh6pM3V7sUEuX4wyYM%3D, which will be used to generate the final request URL.

Note: If your request method is GET, or the request method is POST and the Content-Type is application/x-www-form-urlencoded, then all the request parameter values need to be URL encoded (except the parameter key and the symbol of =) when sending the request. Non-ASCII characters need to be encoded with UTF-8 before URL encoding.

Note: The network libraries of some programming languages automatically URL encode all parameters, in which case there is no need to URL encode the signature string; otherwise, two rounds of URL encoding will cause the signature to fail.

Note: Other parameter values also need to be encoded using RFC 3986. Use %XY in percent-encoding for special characters such as Chinese characters, where "X" and "Y" are hexadecimal characters (0-9 and uppercase A-F), and using lowercase will cause an error.

4. Signature Failure

The following situational error codes for signature failure may occur. Please resolve the errors accordingly.

Error code	Error description
AuthFailure.SignatureExpire	The signature is expired
AuthFailure.SecretIdNotFound	The key does not exist
AuthFailure.SignatureFailure	Signature error

Error code	Error description
AuthFailure.TokenFailure	Token error
AuthFailure.InvalidSecretId	Invalid key (not a TencentCloud API key type)

5. Signature Demo

When calling API 3.0, you are recommended to use the corresponding Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 which encapsulates the signature process, enabling you to focus on only the specific APIs provided by the product when developing. See [SDK Center](#) for more information. Currently, the following programming languages are supported:

- [Python](#)
- [Java](#)
- [PHP](#)
- [Go](#)
- [NodeJS](#)
- [.NET](#)

To further explain the signing process, we will use a programming language to implement the process described above. The request domain name, API and parameter values in the sample are used here. This goal of this example is only to provide additional clarification for the signature process, please see the SDK for actual usage.

The final output URL might be: `https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeInstances&InstanceIds.0=ins-09dx96dg&Limit=20&Nonce=11886&Offset=0&Region=ap-guangzhou&SecretId=AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****&Signature=zmmjn35mikh6pM3V7sUEuX4wyYM%3D&Timestamp=1465185768&Version=2017-03-12`.

Note: The key in the example is fictitious, and the timestamp is not the current time of the system, so if this URL is opened in the browser or called using commands such as curl, an authentication error will be returned: Signature expired. In order to get a URL that can work properly, you need to replace the SecretId and SecretKey in the example with your real credentials and use the current time of the system as the Timestamp.

Note: In the example below, even if you use the same programming language, the order of the parameters in the URL may be different for each execution. However, the order does not matter, as long as all the parameters are included in the URL and the signature is calculated correctly.

Note: The following code is only applicable to API 3.0. It cannot be directly used in other signature processes. Even with an older API, signature calculation errors may occur due to the differences in details. Please refer to the corresponding documentation.

Java

```
import java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
import java.net.URLEncoder;
import java.util.Random;
import java.util.TreeMap;
import javax.crypto.Mac;
import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;
import javax.xml.bind.DatatypeConverter;

public class TencentCloudAPIDemo {
    private final static String CHARSET = "UTF-8";

    public static String sign(String s, String key, String method) throws Exception {
        Mac mac = Mac.getInstance(method);
        SecretKeySpec secretKeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(key.getBytes(CHARSET), mac.getAlgorithm());
```

```

mac.init(secretKeySpec);
byte[] hash = mac.doFinal(s.getBytes(CHARSET));
return DatatypeConverter.printBase64Binary(hash);
}

public static String getStringToSign(TreeMap<String, Object> params) {
    StringBuilder s2s = new StringBuilder("GETcvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?");
    // When signing, the parameters need to be sorted in lexicographical order. TreeMap is used here to guarantee the correct order.
    for (String k : params.keySet()) {
        s2s.append(k).append("=").append(params.get(k).toString()).append("&");
    }
    return s2s.toString().substring(0, s2s.length() - 1);
}

public static String getUrl(TreeMap<String, Object> params) throws UnsupportedEncodingException {
    StringBuilder url = new StringBuilder("https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?");
    // There is no requirement for the order of the parameters in the actual request URL.
    for (String k : params.keySet()) {
        // The request string needs to be URL encoded. As the Key is all in English letters, only the value is URL encoded here.
        url.append(k).append("=").append(URLEncoder.encode(params.get(k).toString(), CHARSET)).append("&");
    }
    return url.toString().substring(0, url.length() - 1);
}

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    TreeMap<String, Object> params = new TreeMap<String, Object>(); // TreeMap enables automatic sorting
    // A random number should be used when actually calling, for example: params.put("Nonce", new Random().nextInt(java.lang.Integer.MAX_VALUE));
    params.put("Nonce", 11886); // Common parameter
    // The current time of the system should be used when actually calling, for example: params.put("Timestamp", System.currentTimeMillis() / 1000);
    params.put("Timestamp", 1465185768); // Common parameter
    params.put("SecretId", "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****"); // Common parameter
    params.put("Action", "DescribeInstances"); // Common parameter
    params.put("Version", "2017-03-12"); // Common parameter
    params.put("Region", "ap-guangzhou"); // Common parameter
    params.put("Limit", 20); // Business parameter
    params.put("Offset", 0); // Business parameter
    params.put("InstanceIds.0", "ins-09dx96dg"); // Business parameter
    params.put("Signature", sign(getStringToSign(params), "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****", "HmacSHA1")); // Common parameter
    System.out.println(getUrl(params));
}
}

```

Python

Note: If running in a Python 2 environment, the following requests dependency package must be installed first: `pip install requests`.

```

# -*- coding: utf8 -*-
import base64
import hashlib
import hmac
import time

import requests

secret_id = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****"
secret_key = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"

def get_string_to_sign(method, endpoint, params):

```

```

s = method + endpoint + "/"?
query_str = "&".join("%s=%s" % (k, params[k]) for k in sorted(params))
return s + query_str

def sign_str(key, s, method):
    hmac_str = hmac.new(key.encode("utf8"), s.encode("utf8"), method).digest()
    return base64.b64encode(hmac_str)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    endpoint = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com"
    data = {
        'Action': 'DescribeInstances',
        'InstanceIds.0': 'ins-09dx96dg',
        'Limit': 20,
        'Nonce': 11886,
        'Offset': 0,
        'Region': 'ap-guangzhou',
        'SecretId': secret_id,
        'Timestamp': 1465185768, # int(time.time())
        'Version': '2017-03-12'
    }
    s = get_string_to_sign("GET", endpoint, data)
    data["Signature"] = sign_str(secret_key, s, hashlib.sha1)
    print(data["Signature"])
    # An actual invocation would occur here, which may incur fees after success
    # resp = requests.get("https://" + endpoint, params=data)
    # print(resp.url)

```

Golang

```

package main

import (
    "bytes"
    "crypto/hmac"
    "crypto/sha1"
    "encoding/base64"
    "fmt"
    "sort"
)

func main() {
    secretId := "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****"
    secretKey := "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"
    params := map[string]string{
        "Nonce": "11886",
        "Timestamp": "1465185768",
        "Region": "ap-guangzhou",
        "SecretId": secretId,
        "Version": "2017-03-12",
        "Action": "DescribeInstances",
        "InstanceIds.0": "ins-09dx96dg",
        "Limit": "20",
        "Offset": "0",
    }

    var buf bytes.Buffer
    buf.WriteString("GET")
    buf.WriteString("cvm.tencentcloudapi.com")
    buf.WriteString("/")
    buf.WriteString("?")

```

```
// sort keys by ascii asc order
keys := make([]string, 0, len(params))
for k, _ := range params {
    keys = append(keys, k)
}
sort.Strings(keys)

for i := range keys {
    k := keys[i]
    buf.WriteString(k)
    buf.WriteString("=")
    buf.WriteString(params[k])
    buf.WriteString("&")
}
buf.Truncate(buf.Len() - 1)

hashed := hmac.New(sha1.New, []byte(secretKey))
hashed.Write(buf.Bytes())

fmt.Println(base64.StdEncoding.EncodeToString(hashed.Sum(nil)))
}
```

PHP

```
<?php
$secretId = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmlPx3*****";
$secretKey = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****";
$params["Nonce"] = 11886;//rand();
$params["Timestamp"] = 1465185768;//time();
$params["Region"] = "ap-guangzhou";
$params["SecretId"] = $secretId;
$params["Version"] = "2017-03-12";
$params["Action"] = "DescribeInstances";
$params["InstanceIds.0"] = "ins-09dx96dg";
$params["Limit"] = 20;
$params["Offset"] = 0;

ksort($params);

$signStr = "GETcvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?";
foreach ( $params as $key => $value ) {
    $signStr = $signStr . $key . "=" . $value . "&";
}
$signStr = substr($signStr, 0, -1);

$signature = base64_encode(hash_hmac("sha1", $signStr, $secretKey, true));
echo $signature.PHP_EOL;
// need to install and enable curl extension in php.ini
// $params["Signature"] = $signature;
// $url = "https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?".http_build_query($params);
// echo $url.PHP_EOL;
// $ch = curl_init();
// curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL, $url);
// $output = curl_exec($ch);
// curl_close($ch);
// echo json_decode($output);
```

Ruby

```

# -*- coding: UTF-8 -*-
# require ruby>=2.3.0
require 'time'
require 'openssl'
require 'base64'

secret_id = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****"
secret_key = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"

method = 'GET'
endpoint = 'cvm.tencentcloudapi.com'
data = {
  'Action' => 'DescribeInstances',
  'InstanceIds.0' => 'ins-09dx96dg',
  'Limit' => 20,
  'Nonce' => 11886,
  'Offset' => 0,
  'Region' => 'ap-guangzhou',
  'SecretId' => secret_id,
  'Timestamp' => 1465185768, # Time.now.to_i
  'Version' => '2017-03-12',
}
sign = method + endpoint + '/'
params = []
data.sort.each do |item|
  params << "#{item[0]}=#{item[1]}"
end
sign += params.join('&')
digest = OpenSSL::Digest.new('sha1')
data['Signature'] = Base64.encode64(OpenSSL::HMAC.digest(digest, secret_key, sign))
puts data['Signature']

# require 'net/http'
# uri = URI('https://' + endpoint)
# uri.query = URI.encode_www_form(data)
# p uri
# res = Net::HTTP.get_response(uri)
# puts res.body

```

DotNet

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Net;
using System.Security.Cryptography;
using System.Text;

public class Application {
    public static string Sign(string signKey, string secret)
    {
        string signRet = string.Empty;
        using (HMACSHA1 mac = new HMACSHA1(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(signKey)))
        {
            byte[] hash = mac.ComputeHash(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(secret));
            signRet = Convert.ToBase64String(hash);
        }
        return signRet;
    }

    public static string MakeSignPlainText(SortedDictionary<string, string> requestParams, string requestMethod, string requestHost, string requestPath)

```

```

{
    string retStr = "";
    retStr += requestMethod;
    retStr += requestHost;
    retStr += requestPath;
    retStr += "?";
    string v = "";
    foreach (string key in requestParams.Keys)
    {
        v += string.Format("{0}={1}&", key, requestParams[key]);
    }
    retStr += v.TrimEnd('&');
    return retStr;
}

public static void Main(string[] args)
{
    string SECRET_ID = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****";
    string SECRET_KEY = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****";

    string endpoint = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com";
    string region = "ap-guangzhou";
    string action = "DescribeInstances";
    string version = "2017-03-12";
    double RequestTimestamp = 1465185768;
    // long timestamp = ToTimestamp() / 1000;
    // string requestTimestamp = timestamp.ToString();
    Dictionary<string, string> param = new Dictionary<string, string>();
    param.Add("Limit", "20");
    param.Add("Offset", "0");
    param.Add("InstanceIds.0", "ins-09dx96dg");
    param.Add("Action", action);
    param.Add("Nonce", "11886");
    // param.Add("Nonce", Math.Abs(new Random().Next()).ToString());

    param.Add("Timestamp", RequestTimestamp.ToString());
    param.Add("Version", version);

    param.Add("SecretId", SECRET_ID);
    param.Add("Region", region);
    SortedDictionary<string, string> headers = new SortedDictionary<string, string>(param, StringComparer.Ordinal);
    string sigInParam = MakeSignPlainText(headers, "GET", endpoint, "/");
    Console.WriteLine(sigInParam);
    string sigOutParam = Sign(SECRET_KEY, sigInParam);

    Console.WriteLine("GET https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com");
    foreach (KeyValuePair<string, string> kv in headers)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(kv.Key + ": " + kv.Value);
    }
    Console.WriteLine("Signature" + ": " + WebUtility.UrlEncode(sigOutParam));
    Console.WriteLine();

    string result = "https://cvm.tencentcloudapi.com/?";
    foreach (KeyValuePair<string, string> kv in headers)
    {
        result += WebUtility.UrlEncode(kv.Key) + "=" + WebUtility.UrlEncode(kv.Value) + "&";
    }
    result += WebUtility.UrlEncode("Signature") + "=" + WebUtility.UrlEncode(sigOutParam);
    Console.WriteLine("GET " + result);
}

```



```
}  
}
```

NodeJS

```
const crypto = require('crypto');  
  
function get_req_url(params, endpoint){  
  params['Signature'] = escape(params['Signature']);  
  const url_strParam = sort_params(params)  
  return "https://" + endpoint + "/" + url_strParam.slice(1);  
}  
  
function formatSignString(reqMethod, endpoint, path, strParam){  
  let strSign = reqMethod + endpoint + path + "?" + strParam.slice(1);  
  return strSign;  
}  
  
function sha1(secretKey, strsign){  
  let signMethodMap = {'HmacSHA1': "sha1"};  
  let hmac = crypto.createHmac(signMethodMap['HmacSHA1'], secretKey || "");  
  return hmac.update(Buffer.from(strsign, 'utf8')).digest('base64')  
}  
  
function sort_params(params){  
  let strParam = "";  
  let keys = Object.keys(params);  
  keys.sort();  
  for (let k in keys) {  
    //k = k.replace(/_/g, '.');  
    strParam += ("&" + keys[k] + "=" + params[keys[k]]);  
  }  
  return strParam  
}  
  
function main(){  
  const SECRET_ID = "AKIDz8krbsJ5yKBZQpn74WFkmLPx3*****"  
  const SECRET_KEY = "Gu5t9xGARNpq86cd98joQYCN3*****"  
  
  const endpoint = "cvm.tencentcloudapi.com"  
  const Region = "ap-guangzhou"  
  const Version = "2017-03-12"  
  const Action = "DescribeInstances"  
  const Timestamp = 1465185768  
  // const Timestamp = Math.round(Date.now() / 1000)  
  const Nonce = 11886  
  //const nonce = Math.round(Math.random() * 65535)  
  
  let params = {};  
  params['Action'] = Action;  
  params['InstanceIds.0'] = 'ins-09dx96dg';  
  params['Limit'] = 20;  
  params['Offset'] = 0;  
  params['Nonce'] = Nonce;  
  params['Region'] = Region;  
  params['SecretId'] = SECRET_ID;  
  params['Timestamp'] = Timestamp;  
  params['Version'] = Version;  
  
  strParam = sort_params(params)  
  
  const reqMethod = "GET";
```

```
const path = "/";
strSign = formatSignString(reqMethod, endpoint, path, strParam)
console.log(strSign)
console.log("-----")

params['Signature'] = sha1(SECRET_KEY, strSign)
console.log(params['Signature'])
console.log("-----")

const req_url = get_req_url(params, endpoint)
console.log(params['Signature'])
console.log("-----")
console.log(req_url)
}
main()
```

Responses

Last updated : 2020-03-27 18:27:37

Response for Successful Requests

For example, when calling CAM API (version: 2017-03-12) to view the status of instances (DescribeInstancesStatus), if the request has succeeded, you may see the response as shown below:

```
{
  "Response": {
    "TotalCount": 0,
    "InstanceStatusSet": [],
    "RequestId": "b5b41468-520d-4192-b42f-595cc34b6c1c"
  }
}
```

- The API will return `Response` , which contains `RequestId` , as long as it processes the request. It does not matter if the request is successful or not.
- `RequestId` is the unique ID of an API request. Contact us with this ID when an exception occurs.
- Except for the fixed fields, all fields are action-specified. For the definitions of action-specified fields, see the corresponding API documentation. In this example, `TotalCount` and `InstanceStatusSet` are the fields specified by the API `DescribeInstancesStatus` .
0 `TotalCount` means that the requester owns 0 CVM instance so the `InstanceStatusSet` is empty.

Response for Failed Requests

If the request has failed, you may see the response as shown below:

```
{
  "Response": {
    "Error": {
      "Code": "AuthFailure.SignatureFailure",
      "Message": "The provided credentials could not be validated. Please ensure your signature is correct."
    },
    "RequestId": "ed93f3cb-f35e-473f-b9f3-0d451b8b79c6"
  }
}
```

- The presence of the `Error` field indicates that the request has failed. A response for a failed request will include `Error` , `Code` and `Message` fields.
- `Code` is the code of the error that helps you identify the cause and solution. There are two types of error codes so you may find the code in either common error codes or API-specified error codes.
- `Message` explains the cause of the error. Note that the returned messages are subject to service updates. The information the messages provide may not be up-to-date and should not be the only source of reference.
- `RequestId` is the unique ID of an API request. Contact us with this ID when an exception occurs.

Common Error Codes

If there is an `Error` field in the response, it means that the API call failed. The `Code` field in `Error` indicates the error code. The following table lists the common error codes that all actions can return.

Error Code	Description
AuthFailure.InvalidSecretId	Invalid key (not a TencentCloud API key type).
AuthFailure.MFAFailure	MFA failed.
AuthFailure.SecretIdNotFound	The key does not exist.
AuthFailure.SignatureExpire	Signature expired.
AuthFailure.SignatureFailure	Signature error.
AuthFailure.TokenFailure	Token error.
AuthFailure.UnauthorizedOperation	The request does not have CAM authorization.
DryRunOperation	DryRun Operation. It means that the request would have succeeded, but the DryRun parameter was used.
FailedOperation	Operation failed.
InternalError	Internal error.
InvalidAction	The API does not exist.
InvalidParameter	Incorrect parameter.
InvalidParameterValue	Invalid parameter value.
LimitExceeded	Quota limit exceeded.
MissingParameter	A parameter is missing.
NoSuchVersion	The API version does not exist.
RequestLimitExceeded	The number of requests exceeds the frequency limit.
ResourceInUse	Resource is in use.
ResourceInsufficient	Insufficient resource.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
ResourceUnavailable	Resource is unavailable.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnknownParameter	Unknown parameter.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.
UnsupportedProtocol	HTTPS request method error. Only GET and POST requests are supported.
UnsupportedRegion	API does not support the requested region.

Direct Connect APIs

CreateDirectConnect

Last updated : 2020-08-14 09:45:06

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to apply for a connection.

When calling this API, please note that:

You need to complete identity verification for your account; otherwise, you cannot apply for a connection;

If there is any connection in arrears under your account, you cannot apply for more connections.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: CreateDirectConnect.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectName	Yes	String	Connection name.
AccessPointId	Yes	String	Access point of connection. You can call <code>DescribeAccessPoints</code> to get the region ID. The selected access point must exist and be available.
LineOperator	Yes	String	ISP that provides connections. Valid values: ChinaTelecom (China Telecom), ChinaMobile (China Mobile), ChinaUnicom (China Unicom), In-houseWiring (in-house wiring), ChinaOther (other Chinese ISPs), InternationalOperator (international ISPs).
PortType	Yes	String	Port type of connection. Valid values: 100Base-T (100-Megabit electrical Ethernet interface), 1000Base-T (1-Gigabit electrical Ethernet interface), 1000Base-LX (1-Gigabit single-module optical Ethernet interface; 10 KM), 10GBase-T (10-Gigabit electrical Ethernet interface), 10GBase-LR (10-Gigabit single-module optical Ethernet interface; 10 KM). Default value: 1000Base-LX.
CircuitCode	No	String	Circuit code of connection, which is provided by the ISP or connection provider.

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Location	No	String	Local IDC location.
Bandwidth	No	Integer	Connection port bandwidth in Mbps. Value range: [2,10240]. Default value: 1000.
RedundantDirectConnectId	No	String	ID of redundant connection.
Vlan	No	Integer	VLAN for connection debugging, which is enabled and automatically assigned by default.
TencentAddress	No	String	Tencent-side IP address for connection debugging, which is automatically assigned by default.
CustomerAddress	No	String	User-side IP address for connection debugging, which is automatically assigned by default.
CustomerName	No	String	Name of connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default.
CustomerContactMail	No	String	Email address of connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default.
CustomerContactNumber	No	String	Contact number of connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default.
FaultReportContactPerson	No	String	Fault reporting contact person.
FaultReportContactNumber	No	String	Fault reporting contact number.
SignLaw	No	Boolean	Whether the connection applicant has signed the service agreement. Default value: true.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
DirectConnectIdSet	Array of String	Connection ID.
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Creating connection

This example shows you how to apply for a connection, where the access point is Nanshan, the ISP is China Mobile, and the Tencent Cloud port is a 1-Gigabit single-mode optical Ethernet interface (1000Base-LX), with a redundant connection.

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=CreateDirectConnect
&DirectConnectName=Connection 1
&AccessPointId=ap-cn-shenzhen-ns-A
&LineOperator=ChinaMobile
&CircuitCode=Shenzhen Nanshan ANE0348NP
```

```
&Location=14/F, Building A, Science and Technology Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
&PortType=1000Base-LX
&Bandwidth=1000
&RedundantDirectConnectId=dc-abcdef
&Vlan=100
&TencentAddress=172.168.1.1/30
&CustomerAddress=172.168.1.2/30
&CustomerName=John Smith
&CustomerContactMail=12345@qq.com
&CustomerContactNumber=18812345678
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectIdSet": [
      "dc-abcdefgh"
    ],
    "RequestId": "24a0d7e5-4c13-49be-aa16-94f698fbef3e"
  }
}
```

Example2 Creating connection - 2

This example shows you how to apply for a connection, where the access point is TravelSky, the ISP is China Mobile, and the Tencent Cloud port is a 1-Gigabit single-mode optical Ethernet interface (1000Base-LX).

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=CreateDirectConnect
&DirectConnectName=TravelSky connection 1
&AccessPointId=ap-cn-beijing-hx
&LineOperator=ChinaMobile
&CircuitCode=TravelSky ANE0348NP
&Location=14/F, Sigma Mansion A, Haidian District, Beijing
&PortType=1000Base-LX
&Bandwidth=1000
&CustomerName=John Smith
&CustomerContactMail=12345@qq.com
&CustomerContactNumber=18812345678
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectIdSet": [
      "dc-abcdefgh"
    ],
    "RequestId": "24a0d7e5-4c13-49be-aa16-94f698fbef3e"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

API Explorer

This tool allows online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation and quick search of APIs to greatly improve the efficiency of using TencentCloud APIs.

- [API 3.0 Explorer](#)

SDK

TencentCloud API 3.0 integrates SDKs that support various programming languages to make it easier for you to call APIs.

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- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for Go](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for NodeJS](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for .NET](#)

Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
LimitExceeded	Quota limit is reached.
LimitExceeded.DirectConnectLimitExceeded	The number of connections has reached the upper limit.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.

DeleteDirectConnect

Last updated : 2020-08-14 09:45:06

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to delete a connection.

Only connected connections can be deleted.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: DeleteDirectConnect.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectId	Yes	String	Connection ID.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Deleting connection

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DeleteDirectConnect
&DirectConnectId=dc-abcdefgh
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

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Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
FailedOperation	Operation failed.
InternalError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
InvalidParameter.DirectConnectIdsNotUin	The connection does not belong to this account.
InvalidParameterValue	Incorrect parameter value.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.
UnsupportedOperation.StateConfLict	Status conflict.

AcceptDirectConnectTunnel

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:03

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to accept an application for a dedicated tunnel.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: AcceptDirectConnectTunnel.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectTunnelId	Yes	String	The connection owner accepts an application for sharing the dedicated tunnel

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Accepting an application for a dedicated tunnel

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=AcceptDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectTunnelId=dcx-abcdefgh
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

API Explorer

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- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for .NET](#)

Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
MissingParameter	Missing parameter.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
ResourceNotFound.DirectConnectTunnelIdIsNotExist	The dedicated tunnel does not exist.
UnsupportedOperation.StateConflict	Status conflict.

DescribeAccessPoints

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:02

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to query connection access points.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: DescribeAccessPoints.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
RegionId	No	String	Access point region, which can be queried through <code>DescribeRegions</code> . You can call <code>DescribeRegions</code> to get the region ID.
Offset	No	Integer	Offset. Default value: 0.
Limit	No	Integer	Number of results to be returned. Default value: 20. Maximum value: 100.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
AccessPointSet	Array of AccessPoint	Access point information.
TotalCount	Integer	Number of eligible access points.
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Getting the information of all access points

This example shows you how to get the information of all access points, where `AVAILABLE` indicates available access points and `UNAVAILABLE` unavailable ones.

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeAccessPoints
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "TotalCount": 6,
    "AccessPointSet": [
      {
        "LineOperator": [
          "ChinaTelecom",
          "ChinaMobile",
          "ChinaUnicom",
          "In-houseWiring",
          "ChinaOther",
          "InternationalOperator"
        ],
        "RegionId": "ap-beijing",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-hx",
        "State": "AVAILABLE",
        "Location": "TravelSky High-Tech Industrial Park, Houshayu Town, Shunyi District, Beijing",
        "AccessPointName": "TravelSky"
      },
      {
        "LineOperator": [
          "ChinaTelecom",
          "ChinaMobile",
          "ChinaUnicom",
          "In-houseWiring",
          "ChinaOther",
          "InternationalOperator"
        ],
        "RegionId": "ap-beijing",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-jxq",
        "State": "AVAILABLE",
        "Location": "BEZ IT Park, Chaoyang District, Beijing",
        "AccessPointName": "Beijing Wanhong Road"
      },
      {
        "LineOperator": [
          "ChinaTelecom",
          "ChinaMobile",
          "ChinaUnicom",
          "In-houseWiring",
          "ChinaOther",
          "InternationalOperator"
        ],
        "RegionId": "ap-beijing",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-yz",
        "State": "UNAVAILABLE",
        "Location": "No. 15, Middle Tongji Road, Beijing Economic-Technological Development Area, Daxing District, Beijing",
        "AccessPointName": "Beijing 21Vianet 1"
      },
    ]
  }
}
```

```

{
  "LineOperator": [
    "ChinaTelecom",
    "ChinaMobile",
    "ChinaUnicom",
    "In-houseWiring",
    "ChinaOther",
    "InternationalOperator"
  ],
  "RegionId": "ap-beijing",
  "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-zj",
  "State": "AVAILABLE",
  "Location": "No. 1, Bo'xing 8th Road, Beijing Economic-Technological Development Area, Beijing",
  "AccessPointName": "Beijing CICC"
},
{
  "LineOperator": [
    "ChinaTelecom",
    "ChinaMobile",
    "ChinaUnicom",
    "In-houseWiring",
    "ChinaOther",
    "InternationalOperator"
  ],
  "RegionId": "ap-beijing",
  "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-yf",
  "State": "UNAVAILABLE",
  "Location": "Building B4, Zone C, AT&M Park, No. 11, Middle Fenghui Road, Haidian District, Beijing",
  "AccessPointName": "Beijing Yongfeng"
},
{
  "LineOperator": [
    "ChinaTelecom",
    "ChinaMobile",
    "ChinaUnicom",
    "In-houseWiring",
    "ChinaOther",
    "InternationalOperator"
  ],
  "RegionId": "ap-beijing",
  "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-kc",
  "State": "AVAILABLE",
  "Location": "No. 15, Kechuang 9th Street, Beijing Economic-Technological Development Area, Beijing",
  "AccessPointName": "Beijing Kechuang"
}
],
"RequestId": "d591e41a-f3a5-4990-abf0-acdd88f238d9"
}
}

```

Example2 Getting the information of access points in specific region

This example shows you how to get the information of access points in a specific region, where `AVAILABLE` indicates available access points and `UNAVAILABLE` unavailable ones.

Input Example

```

https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeAccessPoints
&RegionId=ap-chongqing
&<Common request parameters>

```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "TotalCount": 2,
    "AccessPointSet": [
      {
        "LineOperator": [
          "ChinaTelecom",
          "ChinaMobile",
          "ChinaUnicom",
          "In-houseWiring",
          "ChinaOther",
          "InternationalOperator"
        ],
        "RegionId": "ap-chongqing",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-chongqing-yf",
        "State": "AVAILABLE",
        "Location": "Chongqing China Telecom Yunfu Data Center",
        "AccessPointName": "Chongqing Yunfu"
      },
      {
        "LineOperator": [
          "ChinaTelecom",
          "ChinaMobile",
          "ChinaUnicom",
          "In-houseWiring",
          "ChinaOther",
          "InternationalOperator"
        ],
        "RegionId": "ap-chongqing",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-chongqing-yx",
        "State": "AVAILABLE",
        "Location": "Chongqing China Unicom Yunxiang Data Center",
        "AccessPointName": "Chongqing Yunxiang"
      }
    ],
    "RequestId": "b6aa097b-3cd9-4c79-bf41-bb0d2427ffa1"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

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- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for .NET](#)

Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
InvalidParameterValue	Incorrect parameter value.
MissingParameter	Missing parameter.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
ResourceUnavailable	The resource is unavailable.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.

CreateDirectConnectTunnel

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:03

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to create a dedicated tunnel.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: CreateDirectConnectTunnel.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectId	Yes	String	Direct Connect ID, such as <code>dc-kd7d06of</code> .
DirectConnectTunnelName	Yes	String	Dedicated tunnel name.
DirectConnectOwnerAccount	No	String	Connection owner, who is the current customer by default. The developer account ID should be entered for shared connections.
NetworkType	No	String	Network type. Valid values: VPC, BMVPC, CCN. Default value: VPC. VPC: Virtual Private Cloud. BMVPC: BM VPC. CCN: Cloud Connect Network.
NetworkRegion	No	String	Network region.
VpcId	No	String	Unified VPC ID or BMVPC ID.
DirectConnectGatewayId	No	String	Direct connect gateway ID, such as <code>dcg-d545ddf</code> .
Bandwidth	No	Integer	Direct Connect bandwidth in Mbps. Default value: connection bandwidth value.

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
RouteType	No	String	BGP: BGP routing. STATIC: Static routing. Default value: BGP routing.
BgpPeer	No	BgpPeer	BgpPeer, which is BGP information on the user side and includes Asn and AuthKey.
RouteFilterPrefixes.N	No	Array of RouteFilterPrefix	Static routing, i.e., IP range of the user's IDC.
Vlan	No	Integer	VLAN. Value range: 0-3,000. 0: sub-interface not enabled. Default value: Non-zero.
TencentAddress	No	String	TencentAddress: Tencent-side IP address.
CustomerAddress	No	String	CustomerAddress: User-side IP address.
TencentBackupAddress	No	String	TencentBackupAddress, i.e., Tencent-side standby IP address

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
DirectConnectTunnelIdSet	Array of String	Dedicated tunnel ID.
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Dedicated tunnel using BGP routing and shared connection

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=CreateDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectId=dc-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectTunnelName=Test
&DirectConnectOwnerAccount=240791248
&NetworkType=VPC
&NetworkRegion=ap-guangzhou
&VpcId=vpc-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectGatewayId=dcg-abcdefgh
&Bandwidth=100
&RouteType=BGP
&Vlan=100
&TencentAddress=192.168.1.2/30
&CustomerAddress=192.168.1.1/30
&BgpPeer.Asn=65128
&BgpPeer.AuthKey=abcdefg
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectTunnelIdSet": [
      "dcx-abcdefgh"
    ],
    "RequestId": "24a0d7e5-4c13-49be-aa16-94f698fbef3e"
  }
}
```

Example2 Dedicated tunnel using BGP routing and CCN

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=CreateDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectId=dc-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectTunnelName=Test
&NetworkType=CCN
&NetworkRegion=ap-guangzhou
&DirectConnectGatewayId=dcg-abcdefgh
&Bandwidth=100
&RouteType=BGP
&Vlan=100
&TencentAddress=192.168.1.2/30
&CustomerAddress=192.168.1.1/30
&BgpPeer.Asn=65128
&BgpPeer.AuthKey=abcdefg
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectTunnelIdSet": [
      "dcx-abcdefgh"
    ],
    "RequestId": "24a0d7e5-4c13-49be-aa16-94f698fbef3e"
  }
}
```

Example3 Dedicated tunnel using static routing and BM VPC

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=CreateDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectId=dc-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectTunnelName=Test
&NetworkType=BMVPC
&NetworkRegion=ap-guangzhou
&VpcId=vpc-abcdefgh
&Bandwidth=100
&RouteType=STATIC
&Vlan=100
&TencentAddress=192.168.1.2/30
&CustomerAddress=192.168.1.1/30
&RouteFilterPrefixes.0.Cidr=192.168.0.0/24
&RouteFilterPrefixes.1.Cidr=192.168.0.0/24
&RouteFilterPrefixes.2.Cidr=192.168.0.0/24
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectTunnelIdSet": [
      "dcx-abcdefgh"
    ],
    "RequestId": "24a0d7e5-4c13-49be-aa16-94f698fbef3e"
  }
}
```

Example4 Dedicated tunnel using BGP routing and VPC

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=CreateDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectId=dc-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectTunnelName=Test
&NetworkType=VPC
&NetworkRegion=ap-guangzhou
&VpcId=vpc-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectGatewayId=dcg-abcdefgh
&Bandwidth=100
&RouteType=BGP
&Vlan=100
&TencentAddress=192.168.1.2/30
&CustomerAddress=192.168.1.1/30
&BgpPeer.Asn=65128
&BgpPeer.AuthKey=abcdefg
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectTunnelIdSet": [
      "dcx-abcdefgh"
    ],
    "RequestId": "24a0d7e5-4c13-49be-aa16-94f698fbef3e"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

API Explorer

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- [API 3.0 Explorer](#)

SDK

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Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
InvalidParameter.AddressError	Wrong IP address.
InvalidParameter.DirectConnectIdsNotUin	The connection does not belong to this account.
InvalidParameter.UinIsNotExist	The account ID does not exist.
InvalidParameterValue	Incorrect parameter value.
InvalidParameterValue.VlanConflict	VLAN conflict.
LimitExceeded	Quota limit is reached.
LimitExceeded.DirectConnectLimitExceeded	The number of connections has reached the upper limit.
LimitExceeded.DirectConnectTunnelLimitExceeded	The number of the dedicated tunnels of the connection has reached the upper limit.
MissingParameter	Missing parameter.
ResourceInUse.DcVpclsExist	The connection VPC already exists.
ResourceUnavailable.InsufficientBalance	Your account is in arrears, and the service cannot be activated. Please top up your account first.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.
UnsupportedOperation.CrossBorderDirectConnectTunnel	Cross-border dedicated tunnel is not allowed. Please contact us.

DeleteDirectConnectTunnel

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:02

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to delete a dedicated tunnel.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: DeleteDirectConnectTunnel.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectTunnelId	Yes	String	Dedicated tunnel ID.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Deleting a dedicated tunnel

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DeleteDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectTunnelId=dcx-abcdefgh
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

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Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
ResourceNotFound.DirectConnectTunnelIdsNotExist	The dedicated tunnel does not exist.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.
UnsupportedOperation.StateConflict	Status conflict.

DescribeDirectConnectTunnels

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:02

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to query the list of dedicated tunnels.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: DescribeDirectConnectTunnels.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
Filters.N	No	Array of Filter	Filter conditions: This parameter does not support specifying <code>DirectConnectTunnelIds</code> and <code>Filters</code> at the same time. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>direct-connect-tunnel-name</code>: Dedicated tunnel name. <code>direct-connect-tunnel-id</code>: Dedicated tunnel instance ID, such as <code>dcx-abcdefgh</code>. <code>direct-connect-id</code>: Connection instance ID, such as <code>dc-abcdefgh</code>.
DirectConnectTunnelIds.N	No	Array of String	Array of dedicated tunnel IDs.
Offset	No	Integer	Offset. Default value: 0.
Limit	No	Integer	Number of returned results. Default value: 20. Maximum value: 100.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
DirectConnectTunnelSet	Array of DirectConnectTunnel	List of dedicated tunnels.
TotalCount	Integer	Number of eligible dedicated tunnels.

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Querying dedicated tunnels using BGP routing

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeDirectConnectTunnels
&Filters.0.Name=direct-connect-tunnel-id
&Filters.0.Values.0=dcx-r3sml04o
&Limit=20
&Offset=1
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectTunnelSet": [
      {
        "DirectConnectOwnerAccount": "2407912486",
        "DirectConnectGatewayId": "dcg-r70hz833",
        "BgpPeer": {
          "AuthKey": "tencent",
          "Asn": 65139
        },
        "OwnerAccount": "2407912486",
        "DirectConnectId": "dc-9s5kpgyp",
        "State": "PENDING",
        "TencentAddress": "169.254.64.1/30",
        "CreatedTime": "2018-06-01 14:59:16",
        "DirectConnectTunnelId": "dcx-r3sml04o",
        "NetworkRegion": "ap-guangzhou",
        "VpcId": "vpc-aipqhdez",
        "CustomerAddress": "169.254.64.2/30",
        "Vlan": 1321,
        "RouteFilterPrefixes": [],
        "NetworkType": "VPC",
        "DirectConnectTunnelName": "Test dedicated tunnel",
        "RouteType": "BGP"
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

Example2 Querying dedicated tunnels using static routing

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeDirectConnectTunnels
&Filters.0.Name=direct-connect-tunnel-id
&Filters.0.Values.0=dcx-r3sml04o
&Limit=20
```

```
&Offset=2
<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectTunnelSet": [
      {
        "DirectConnectOwnerAccount": "2407912486",
        "DirectConnectGatewayId": "d cg-r70hz833",
        "BgpPeer": {
          "AuthKey": "",
          "Asn": -1
        },
        "OwnerAccount": "2407912486",
        "DirectConnectId": "dc-9s5kpgyp",
        "State": "PENDING",
        "TencentAddress": "169.254.64.1/30",
        "CreatedTime": "2018-06-01 14:59:16",
        "DirectConnectTunnelId": "dcx-r3sml04o",
        "NetworkRegion": "ap-guangzhou",
        "VpcId": "vpc-aipqhdez",
        "CustomerAddress": "169.254.64.2/30",
        "Vlan": 1321,
        "RouteFilterPrefixes": [
          {
            "Cidr": "172.18.27.6/32"
          },
          {
            "Cidr": "172.18.27.0/24"
          }
        ],
        "NetworkType": "VPC",
        "DirectConnectTunnelName": "Test dedicated tunnel",
        "RouteType": "STATIC"
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

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- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for .NET](#)

Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
ResourceNotFound.DirectConnectTunnelIdsNotExist	The dedicated tunnel does not exist.

DescribeDirectConnects

Last updated : 2020-08-14 09:45:06

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to query the list of connections.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: DescribeDirectConnects.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
Filters.N	No	Array of Filter	Filter conditions:
DirectConnectIds.N	No	Array of String	Array of connection IDs.
Offset	No	Integer	Offset. Default value: 0.
Limit	No	Integer	Number of returned results. Default value: 20. Maximum value: 100.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
DirectConnectSet	Array of DirectConnect	List of connections.
TotalCount	Integer	Number of eligible connection lists.
AllSignLaw	Boolean	Whether all connections under the account have the service agreement signed. Note: this field may return <code>null</code> , indicating that no valid value is obtained.
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Querying the connection list

This example shows you how to use the `direct-connect-name` filter to filter results.

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeDirectConnects
&Filters.0.Name=direct-connect-name
&Filters.0.Values.0=Direct Connect
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "DirectConnectSet": [
      {
        "EnabledTime": "2018-06-02 15:12:34",
        "CustomerContactNumber": "18812345678",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-shenzhen-ns-A",
        "ChargeState": "NORMAL",
        "DirectConnectId": "dc-gd3u0zov",
        "State": "AVAILABLE",
        "ExpiredTime": null,
        "Location": "Room 591, Floor 13, Malata Building, Shennan Avenue",
        "CreatedTime": "2018-05-03 15:12:34",
        "PortType": "1000Base-T",
        "CustomerName": "John Smith",
        "LineOperator": "ChinaTelecom",
        "TencentAddress": "192.168.1.2/30",
        "CircuitCode": "",
        "CustomerAddress": "192.168.1.1/30",
        "CustomerContactMail": "zzuzxy1111@163.com",
        "Vlan": 10,
        "Bandwidth": 100,
        "DirectConnectName": "Self-created Direct Connect",
        "ChargeType": "NON_RECURRING_CHARGE",
        "RedundantDirectConnectId": ""
      },
      {
        "EnabledTime": "2018-05-23 11:10:46",
        "CustomerContactNumber": "18812345678",
        "AccessPointId": "ap-cn-beijing-hx",
        "ChargeState": "NORMAL",
        "DirectConnectId": "dc-2zeyish1",
        "State": "BUILDING",
        "ExpiredTime": null,
        "Location": "Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications, No.10, Xitucheng Road",
        "CreatedTime": "2018-04-23 11:10:46",
        "PortType": "1000Base-T",
        "CustomerName": "John Smith",
        "LineOperator": "ChinaMobile",
        "TencentAddress": "192.168.1.156/24",
        "CircuitCode": "",
        "CustomerAddress": "192.168.1.157/24",
        "CustomerContactMail": "zzuzxy@163.com",
        "Vlan": 253,
        "Bandwidth": 2,
        "DirectConnectName": "Direct Connect one-time paid test",

```

```

"ChargeType": "PREPAID_BY_YEAR",
"RedundantDirectConnectId": ""
},
{
"EnabledTime": "2018-05-23 10:28:12",
"CustomerContactNumber": "18812345678",
"AccessPointId": "ap-cn-shenzhen-ns-A",
"ChargeState": "NORMAL",
"DirectConnectId": "dc-epeq2tj7",
"State": "BUILDING",
"ExpiredTime": null,
"Location": "Room 591, Floor 13, Malata Building",
"CreatedTime": "2018-04-23 10:28:12",
"PortType": "1000Base-T",
"CustomerName": "John Smith",
"LineOperator": "ChinaMobile",
"TencentAddress": "192.168.1.2/30",
"CircuitCode": "",
"CustomerAddress": "192.168.1.1/30",
"CustomerContactMail": "zzuzxy@163.com",
"Vlan": 100,
"Bandwidth": 2,
"DirectConnectName": "Direct Connect one-time paid test",
"ChargeType": "NON_RECURRING_CHARGE",
"RedundantDirectConnectId": ""
}
],
"RequestId": "70d690c8-477a-4e5d-99c0-fa1bb012a105",
"TotalCount": 3
}
}

```

Example2 Querying the connection list - 2

This example shows you how to filter the results by direct-connect-name.

Input Example

```

https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=DescribeDirectConnects
&DirectConnectIds.0=dc-6mqd6t9j
&<Common request parameters>

```

Output Example

```

{
"Response": {
"DirectConnectSet": [
{
"EnabledTime": "2019-03-30 09:48:39",
"CustomerContactNumber": "1392477788",
"AccessPointId": "ap-cn-shenzhen-ns-A",
"ChargeState": "NORMAL",
"DirectConnectId": "dc-6mqd6t9j",
"State": "PENDING",
"ExpiredTime": null,
"Location": "Tencent Building",
"CreatedTime": "2019-02-28 09:48:39",
"PortType": "1000Base-LX",
"CustomerName": "John Smith",
"LineOperator": "ChinaTelecom",
"TencentAddress": "",

```

```

"CircuitCode": "",
"CustomerAddress": "",
"CustomerContactMail": "zzubupt@163.com",
"Vlan": -1,
"Bandwidth": 100,
"DirectConnectName": "bbb",
"ChargeType": "PREPAID_BY_YEAR",
"RedundantDirectConnectId": ""
}
],
"RequestId": "a17e965b-5c58-4cf2-b5fb-2e00946deea8",
"TotalCount": 1
}
}

```

5. Developer Resources

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Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
InvalidParameterValue	Incorrect parameter value.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.

ModifyDirectConnectAttribute

Last updated : 2020-08-14 09:45:05

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to modify connection attributes.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: ModifyDirectConnectAttribute.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectId	Yes	String	Connection ID.
DirectConnectName	No	String	Connection name.
CircuitCode	No	String	Circuit code of connection, which is provided by the ISP or connection provider.
Vlan	No	Integer	VLAN for connection debugging.
TencentAddress	No	String	Tencent-side IP address for connection debugging.
CustomerAddress	No	String	User-side IP address for connection debugging.
CustomerName	No	String	Name of connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default.
CustomerContactMail	No	String	Email address of connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default.
CustomerContactNumber	No	String	Contact number of connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default.
FaultReportContactPerson	No	String	Fault reporting contact person.
FaultReportContactNumber	No	String	Fault reporting contact number.
SignLaw	No	Boolean	Whether the connection applicant has signed the service agreement.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Modifying connection attributes

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=ModifyDirectConnectAttribute
&DirectConnectId=dcx-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectName=abc
&CircuitCode=ABF_123
&Vlan=100
&TencentAddress=172.168.1.1/30
&CustomerAddress=172.168.1.2/30
&CustomerName=John Smith
&CustomerContactMail=12345@qq.com
&CustomerContactNumber=18812345678
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

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Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
InvalidParameter.DirectConnectIdsNotUin	The connection does not belong to this account.
InvalidParameterValue	Incorrect parameter value.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
ResourceUnavailable.InsufficientBalance	Your account is in arrears, and the service cannot be activated. Please top up your account first.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.

ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:01

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to modify the dedicated tunnel attributes.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectTunnelId	Yes	String	Dedicated tunnel ID.
DirectConnectTunnelName	No	String	Dedicated tunnel name.
BgpPeer	No	BgpPeer	User-side BGP, including Asn and AuthKey.
RouteFilterPrefixes.N	No	Array of RouteFilterPrefix	User-side IP range.
TencentAddress	No	String	Tencent-side IP address.
CustomerAddress	No	String	User-side IP address.
Bandwidth	No	Integer	Bandwidth value of a dedicated tunnel in Mbps.
TencentBackupAddress	No	String	Tencent-side standby IP address

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Modifying a dedicated tunnel using BGP routing

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute
&DirectConnectTunnelId=dcx-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectTunnelName=Test
&Bandwidth=100
&TencentAddress=192.168.1.1/30
&CustomerAddress=192.168.1.2/30
&BgpPeer.Asn=65128
&BgpPeer.AuthKey=abcdefg
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

Example2 Modifying a dedicated tunnel using static routing

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute
&DirectConnectTunnelId=dcx-abcdefgh
&DirectConnectTunnelName=Test
&Bandwidth=100
&TencentAddress=192.168.1.1/30
&CustomerAddress=192.168.1.2/30
&RouteFilterPrefixes.0.Cidr=192.168.0.0/24
&RouteFilterPrefixes.1.Cidr=192.168.1.0/24
&RouteFilterPrefixes.2.Cidr=192.168.2.0/24
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

API Explorer

This tool allows online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation and quick search of APIs to greatly improve the efficiency of using TencentCloud APIs.

- [API 3.0 Explorer](#)

SDK

TencentCloud API 3.0 integrates SDKs that support various programming languages to make it easier for you to call APIs.

- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for Python](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for Java](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for PHP](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for Go](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for NodeJS](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for .NET](#)

Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
FailedOperation	Operation failed.
InternalError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
MissingParameter	Missing parameter.
ResourceNotFound.DirectConnectTunnelIdsNotExist	The dedicated tunnel does not exist.
UnsupportedOperation.StateConfLict	Status conflict.

RejectDirectConnectTunnel

Last updated : 2020-07-17 11:09:01

1. API Description

Domain name for API request: dc.tencentcloudapi.com.

This API is used to reject an application for a dedicated tunnel.

A maximum of 20 requests can be initiated per second for this API.

We recommend you to use API Explorer

[Try it](#)

API Explorer provides a range of capabilities, including online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation, and API quick search. It enables you to view the request, response, and auto-generated examples.

2. Input Parameters

The following request parameter list only provides API request parameters and some common parameters. For the complete common parameter list, see [Common Request Parameters](#).

Parameter Name	Required	Type	Description
Action	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: RejectDirectConnectTunnel.
Version	Yes	String	Common parameter. The value used for this API: 2018-04-10.
Region	No	String	Common parameter. This parameter is not required for this API.
DirectConnectTunnelId	Yes	String	None.

3. Output Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
RequestId	String	The unique request ID, which is returned for each request. RequestId is required for locating a problem.

4. Example

Example1 Rejecting an application for a dedicated tunnel

Input Example

```
https://dc.tencentcloudapi.com/?Action=RejectDirectConnectTunnel
&DirectConnectTunnelId=dcx-abcdefgh
&<Common request parameters>
```

Output Example

```
{
  "Response": {
    "RequestId": "3c140219-cfe9-470e-b241-907877d6fb03"
  }
}
```

5. Developer Resources

API Explorer

This tool allows online call, signature authentication, SDK code generation and quick search of APIs to greatly improve the efficiency of using TencentCloud APIs.

- [API 3.0 Explorer](#)

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TencentCloud API 3.0 integrates SDKs that support various programming languages to make it easier for you to call APIs.

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- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for NodeJS](#)
- [Tencent Cloud SDK 3.0 for .NET](#)

Command Line Interface

- [Tencent Cloud CLI 3.0](#)

6. Error Code

The following only lists the error codes related to the API business logic. For other error codes, see [Common Error Codes](#).

Error Code	Description
InternalServerError	Internal error
InvalidParameter	Invalid parameter.
ResourceNotFound.DirectConnectTunnelIdsNotExist	The dedicated tunnel does not exist.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
UnsupportedOperation.StateConflict	Status conflict.

Data Types

Last updated : 2020-09-10 17:38:28

AccessPoint

Access point information.

Used by actions: DescribeAccessPoints.

Name	Type	Description
AccessPointName	String	Access point name.
AccessPointId	String	Unique ID of access point.
State	String	Access point status. Valid values: available, unavailable.
Location	String	Access point location.
LineOperator	Array of String	Supported ISP list of access pint.
RegionId	String	Region ID where the access point resides.
AvailablePortType	Array of String	Available port type at the access point. Valid values: 1000BASE-T: gigabit electrical port; 1000BASE-LX: 10 km gigabit single-mode optical port; 1000BASE-ZX: 80 km gigabit single-mode optical port; 10GBASE-LR: 10 km 10-gigabit single-mode optical port; 10GBASE-ZR: 80 km 10-gigabit single-mode optical port; 10GBASE-LH: 40 km 10-gigabit single-mode optical port; 100GBASE-LR4: 10 km 100-gigabit single-mode optical portfiber optic port. Note: this field may return <code>null</code> , indicating that no valid value is obtained.

BgpPeer

BGP parameter, including Asn and AuthKey.

Used by actions: CreateDirectConnectTunnel, DescribeDirectConnectTunnels, ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute.

Name	Type	Required	Description
Asn	Integer	No	User-side BGP Asn.
AuthKey	String	No	User-side BGP key.

DirectConnect

Connection information list.

Used by actions: DescribeDirectConnects.

Name	Type	Description
DirectConnectId	String	Connection ID.
DirectConnectName	String	Connection name.

AccessPointId	String	Access point ID of a connection.
State	String	Connection status. PENDING: Applying. REJECTED: Application rejected. TOPAY: Payment pending. PAID: Paid. ALLOCATED: Constructing. AVAILABLE: Available. DELETING: Deleting. DELETED: Deleted.
CreatedTime	Timestamp	Connection creation time.
EnabledTime	Timestamp	Connection activation time.
LineOperator	String	ISP that provides connections. Valid values: ChinaTelecom (China Telecom), ChinaMobile (China Mobile), ChinaUnicom (China Unicom), In-houseWiring (in-house wiring), ChinaOther (other Chinese ISPs), InternationalOperator (international ISPs).
Location	String	Location of a local IDC.
Bandwidth	Integer	Connection port bandwidth in Mbps.
PortType	String	User-side port type of a connection. Valid values: 100Base-T (100-Megabit electrical Ethernet interface), 1000Base-T (1-Gigabit electrical Ethernet interface; it is the default value), 1000Base-LX (1-Gigabit single-mode optical Ethernet interface; 10 KM), 10GBase-T (10-Gigabit electrical Ethernet interface), 10GBase-LR (10-Gigabit single-mode optical Ethernet interface; 10 KM).
CircuitCode	String	Circuit code of a connection, which is provided by the ISP or service provider. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
RedundantDirectConnectId	String	ID of a redundant connection.
Vlan	Integer	VLAN for connection debugging, which is enabled and automatically assigned by default. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
TencentAddress	String	Tencent-side IP address for connection debugging. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
CustomerAddress	String	User-side IP address for connection debugging. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
CustomerName	String	Name of the connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
CustomerContactMail	String	Email address of the connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
CustomerContactNumber	String	Contact number of the connection applicant, which is obtained from the account system by default. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
ExpiredTime	Timestamp	Connection expiration time. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
ChargeType	String	Connection billing mode. NON_RECURRING_CHARGE: One-time charge for

		accessing service Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
FaultReportContactPerson	String	Fault reporting contact person. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
FaultReportContactNumber	String	Fault reporting contact number. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
TagSet	Array of Tag	Tag key-value pair Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
AccessPointType	String	Access point type of a connection.
IdcCity	String	IDC city. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
ChargeState	String	Billing status Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
StartTime	String	Connection activation time.
SignLaw	Boolean	Whether the connection has the service agreement signed. Note: this field may return <code>null</code> , indicating that no valid value is obtained.

DirectConnectTunnel

Dedicated tunnel information list.

Used by actions: DescribeDirectConnectTunnels.

Name	Type	Description
DirectConnectTunnelId	String	Dedicated tunnel ID.
DirectConnectId	String	Connection ID.
State	String	Dedicated tunnel status. AVAILABLE: Ready or connected. PENDING: Applying. ALLOCATING: Configuring. ALLOCATED: Configured. ALTERING: Modifying. DELETING: Deleting. DELETED: Deleted. CONFIRMING: To be accepted. REJECTED: Rejected.
DirectConnectOwnerAccount	String	Connection owner, i.e., developer account ID.
OwnerAccount	String	Dedicated tunnel owner, i.e., developer account ID.
NetworkType	String	Network type. Valid values: VPC, BMVPC, CCN. VPC: Virtual Private Cloud; BMVPC: BM VPC; CCN: Cloud Connect Network.
NetworkRegion	String	Network of the VPC region, such as <code>ap-guangzhou</code> .
VpcId	String	Unified VPC ID or BMVPC ID.
DirectConnectGatewayId	String	Direct connect gateway ID.

RouteType	String	BGP: BGP routing; STATIC: Static routing. Default value: BGP routing.
BgpPeer	BgpPeer	User-side BGP, including Asn and AuthKey.
RouteFilterPrefixes	Array of RouteFilterPrefix	User-side IP range.
Vlan	Integer	VLAN of a dedicated tunnel.
TencentAddress	String	TencentAddress: Tencent-side IP address.
CustomerAddress	String	CustomerAddress: User-side IP address.
DirectConnectTunnelName	String	Dedicated tunnel name.
CreatedTime	Timestamp	Creation time of a dedicated tunnel.
Bandwidth	Integer	Bandwidth value of a dedicated tunnel.
TagSet	Array of Tag	Tag value of a dedicated tunnel.
NetDetectId	String	Associated custom network probe ID Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
EnableBGPCommunity	Boolean	BGP community switch Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
NatType	Integer	Whether it is a NAT tunnel Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
VpcRegion	String	VPC region abbreviation, such as <code>gz</code> , <code>cd</code> . Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
BfdEnable	Integer	Whether to enable BFD Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
AccessPointType	String	Access point type of a dedicated tunnel. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
DirectConnectGatewayName	String	Direct connect gateway name. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
VpcName	String	VPC name. Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
TencentBackupAddress	String	Backup IP address on the Tencent side.
SignLaw	Boolean	Whether the connection associated with the dedicated tunnel has the service agreement signed. Note: this field may return <code>null</code> , indicating that no valid value is obtained.

Filter

Used for conditional filtering queries.

Used by actions: DescribeDirectConnectTunnels, DescribeDirectConnects.

Name	Type	Required	Description
Name	String	Yes	Fields to be filtered.
Values	Array of String	Yes	Filter values of the field.

RouteFilterPrefix

User-side IP range.

Used by actions: CreateDirectConnectTunnel, DescribeDirectConnectTunnels, ModifyDirectConnectTunnelAttribute.

Name	Type	Required	Description
Cidr	String	No	User-side IP range.

Tag

Tag key-value pair

Used by actions: DescribeDirectConnectTunnels, DescribeDirectConnects.

Name	Type	Description
Key	String	Tag key Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.
Value	String	Tag value Note: this field may return null, indicating that no valid values can be obtained.

Error Codes

Last updated : 2020-03-27 18:27:38

Feature Description

If there is an Error field in the response, it means that the API call failed. For example:

```
{
  "Response": {
    "Error": {
      "Code": "AuthFailure.SignatureFailure",
      "Message": "The provided credentials could not be validated. Please check your signature is correct."
    },
    "RequestId": "ed93f3cb-f35e-473f-b9f3-0d451b8b79c6"
  }
}
```

Code in Error indicates the error code, and Message indicates the specific information of the error.

Error Code List

Common Error Codes

Error Code	Description
UnsupportedOperation	Unsupported operation.
ResourceInUse	Resource is in use.
InternalError	Internal error.
RequestLimitExceeded	The number of requests exceeds the frequency limit.
AuthFailure.SecretIdNotFound	Key does not exist. Check if the key has been deleted or disabled in the console, and if not, check if the key is correctly entered. Note that whitespaces should not exist before or after the key.
LimitExceeded	Quota limit exceeded.
NoSuchVersion	The API version does not exist.
ResourceNotFound	The resource does not exist.
AuthFailure.SignatureFailure	Invalid signature. Signature calculation error. Please ensure you've followed the signature calculation process described in the Signature API documentation.
AuthFailure.SignatureExpire	Signature expired. Timestamp and server time cannot differ by more than five minutes. Please ensure your current local time matches the standard time.
UnsupportedRegion	API does not support the requested region.
UnauthorizedOperation	Unauthorized operation.
InvalidParameter	Incorrect parameter.
ResourceUnavailable	Resource is unavailable.

Error Code	Description
AuthFailure.MFAFailure	MFA failed.
AuthFailure.UnauthorizedOperation	The request is not authorized. For more information, see the CAM documentation.
AuthFailure.InvalidSecretId	Invalid key (not a TencentCloud API key type).
AuthFailure.TokenFailure	Token error.
DryRunOperation	DryRun Operation. It means that the request would have succeeded, but the DryRun parameter was used.
FailedOperation	Operation failed.
UnknownParameter	Unknown parameter.
UnsupportedProtocol	HTTP(S) request protocol error; only GET and POST requests are supported.
InvalidParameterValue	Invalid parameter value.
InvalidAction	The API does not exist.
MissingParameter	A parameter is missing.
ResourceInsufficient	Insufficient resource.

Service Error Codes

Error Code	Description
InvalidParameter.AddressError	Wrong IP address.
InvalidParameter.DirectConnectIdsNotUin	The connection does not belong to this account.
InvalidParameter.UinIsNotExist	The account ID does not exist.
InvalidParameterValue.VlanConflict	VLAN conflict.
LimitExceeded.DirectConnectLimitExceeded	The number of connections has reached the upper limit.
LimitExceeded.DirectConnectTunnelLimitExceeded	The number of the dedicated tunnels of the connection has reached the upper limit.
ResourceInUse.DcVpcsExist	The connection VPC already exists.
ResourceNotFound.DirectConnectTunnelIdsNotExist	The dedicated tunnel does not exist.
ResourceUnavailable.InsufficientBalance	Your account is in arrears, and the service cannot be activated. Please top up your account first.
UnsupportedOperation.CrossBorderDirectConnectTunnel	Cross-border dedicated tunnel is not allowed. Please contact us.
UnsupportedOperation.StateConflict	Status conflict.