

Auto Scaling Best Practices Product Documentation





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Best Practices Setting a Fixed Outbound IP Address for Scaling Groups

Last updated : 2021-01-08 16:59:26

This document shows how to set a static IP address for outbound access of a cluster.

Scenarios

This solution is applicable when clusters in your scaling group have all the three requirements below:

- To receive requests from CLB
- To initiate outbound access
- To use a **static** public IP address for outbound access

See the following content for details.

Solution Overview





- 1. Receive and respond to external requests by using the CLB.
- 2. Add the CVM to the VPC subnet and direct the route table to the NAT Gateway so that all outbound access requests are delivered via the public IP address of the NAT Gateway.
- 3. The network attribute of the scaling group is set as this subnet, so that all CVMs created for scaleout will use the NAT Gateway for the outbound access.

Directions

Step 1: create a VPC and subnet

1. Create a VPC

- 1. Log in to the VPC console and select Virtual Private Cloud in the left sidebar.
- 2. At the top of the **VPC** page, select a region, such as "North China (Beijing)".
- Click +New. In the Create VPC window that pops up, enter the names and CIDR blocks of the VPC and subnet, and choose the availability zone of the subnet.

4. Click **OK** to create the VPC.

2. Create a subnet

- 1. In the VPC console, select **Subnet** in the left sidebar.
- 2. At the top of the **Subnet** page, select the region and VPC, as shown in the following figure:

Console Produ	ucts 🔻						å		er v Ticket	Ť.
Virtual Private Cloud \ll	Subnet	North America (Tore	onto) 🔻 All VPCs 🤻	*				He	elp of VPC and Sul	bnets 🗹
Network Topology	+ New	Filter 💌						Enter subne	et name/ID	Ω Ω
Virtual Private Cloud								Enter Subrit		
Subnets	ID/Name	Network	CIDR	Availability Zone	Associated route	Cloud Virtu	Available IP	Default Sub	Operation	
Route Tables				(i) Nexth America Zera		1 🛛	4092	Vac	Delete	
ENI	Default-Su	bnet Default-V	/PC	North America 201.	default	÷ L⊕	1052	100	Change route t	able
EIP										

- 3. Click **+New**. In the **Create a Subnet** window that pops up, enter the subnet name, CIDR block, availability zone, and associated route table.
- 4. Click **Create**. After completing creation, you can purchase CVMs and add them to this subnet.

Step 2: create a NAT Gateway

1. Create a NAT Gateway

- 1. In the VPC console, select **NAT Gateway** in the left sidebar.
- 2. On the **NAT Gateway** page, click **+New**.
- 3. In the **Create NAT Gateway** window that pops up, input or confirm the following parameters in sequence:
 - Gateway name
 - Gateway type (which can be modified after creation)
 - VPC of the NAT gateway (the VPC created in Step 1).
 - Assign an EIP for the NAT Gateway. (This IP address is the static IP address for your CVM's outbound access.)
- 4. After completing the configuration, click **Create**.

After the NAT Gateway is created, you need to configure the routing policy on the route table page in the VPC console to redirect the subnet traffic to the NAT Gateway.

2. Set the route table (key step)

- 1. In the VPC console, select **Route Tables** in the left sidebar.
- On the Route table page, select the ID/Name of the route table associated with the subnet that needs to access the Internet. The details page of the route table will be displayed.



3. Click + New routing policies. In the Add a route window that pops up, complete the

configuration, as shown in the following figure:

ame				
60 more	chars allowed			
twork				
outing Rules				
of the route table. Click	k Learn More。			
of the route table. Click	k Learn More.	Next hop	Notes	Opera
of the route table. Clic Destination	k Learn More . Next hop type	Next hop	Notes	Opera
of the route table. Clic Destination	k Learn More. Next hop type Local	Next hop Local	Notes Released by the system by default, i ndicating that CVMs in the VPC is c onnected	Opera <u>p</u>
of the route table. Clici Destination .ocal	k Learn More, Next hop type Local NAT Gateway	Next hop Local	Notes Released by the system by default, i ndicating that CVMs in the VPC is c onnected	Opera n C

- **Destination**: in this case, you can enter 0.0.0.0/0.
- Next hop type: select NAT Gateway and select the NAT Gateway created in Step 1.
- 4. Click **Create**. Now, your CVM in this subnet which does not have a public IP address can also access internet through the static IP of the NAT Gateway.

Even if you purchase a CVM without any public IP addresses and with a bandwidth of zero, you still can enjoy active external access, as shown in the following figure:



i Note :

The scaling group needs to identify this subnet and ensure that all the CVMs are created on this subnet.

Step 3: set up the scaling group

This step aims to direct the subnet information to the scaling group so that the newly created CVMs of the scaling group can be deployed in this subnet. **In this way, the newly created CVMs will use the NAT Gateway IP as the static IP to access internet.**

- 1. Log in to the Auto Scaling console and click **Scaling group** in the left sidebar.
- 2. On the **Scaling group** page, click **Create**.
- 3. On the **Create scaling group** page that pops up, enter the scaling group name, the created launch configuration, max capacity, min capacity, initial capacity, and other information.

In **Supported Networks** and **Support subnet**, select the VPC and subnet you just set up, as shown in the following figure:

Basic Configu	uration > 2 Load Balancer > 3 Tag Configuration
Name *	sg-1
	The name can contain up to 55 characters, including Chinese characters, English letters, numbers, underscores, hyphens and periods.
Min Capacity *	- 0 + I
Initial Capacity *	- 0 + ①
Max Capacity *	- 1 + ^①
Launch Configuration *	asc- Create launch configuration 🖉 🕚
Supported Networks *	vpc-s Choose the corresponding VP If you don't have an available network, you can create a VPC ☑.
Support subnet *	Subnet ID Subnet Name Availability Zone
	subnet-p2gvtxci the virtual machine subnet Guangzhou Zone 4
	Subnet-3xu36v3q the container subnet Guangzhou Zone 4
	You can select multiple subnets. CVMs will be created in these subnets randomly when auto-scaling up is triggered, so as to implement cross-subnet disaster recovery. Suggested Settings 🙆

Click **Next** to complete the configuration.

Enabling Services Upon CVM Start-up

Last updated : 2020-08-06 16:36:33

Overview

This document describes how to enable services at startup for auto scale-out CVMs by modifying the /etc/rc.d/rc.local file. Manual intervention is not expected throughout the scale-out process where auto scaling is used. Therefore, we recommend that you set the service to be started upon starting of the CVM to be automatically added. Such services include:

- httpd service
- mysqld service
- php-fpm service
- tomcat service
- Other services

Directions

Setting the services to be launched at startup

A Note :

This document uses the scale-out CentOS CVMs as an example.

- 1. Log in to a Linux instance using the standard login method (recommended).
- 2. Run the following command to open the rc. local file.

vim /etc/rc.d/rc.local

- 3. Press **i** to enter the edit mode, and then press \downarrow to go to the end of the file.
- 4. Append the following content to the file to set services to be automatically started. This example shows how to set the httpd, mysqld, and php-fpm services to be automatically started. Note that the required services vary by website, set them as needed.

```
service httpd start
service mysqld start
service php-fpm start
```

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The result should be as follows:



5. Press **:wq** to save and exit. Then, the website can be automatically accessed after the instance is restarted.

(Optional) Verifying the configuration

Restart the server (with the reboot command, or through the console). After the server is restarted, refresh the page on the website without logging in to the server to check whether a response is returned. If yes, the configuration was successful.

Creating images

You can create an image based on the instance and use this image when creating the launch configuration. For more information, see

- Creating Custom Images
- Creating a Launch Configuration