

Peering Connection

Getting Started

Product Documentation



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Creating Intra-account Peering Connection

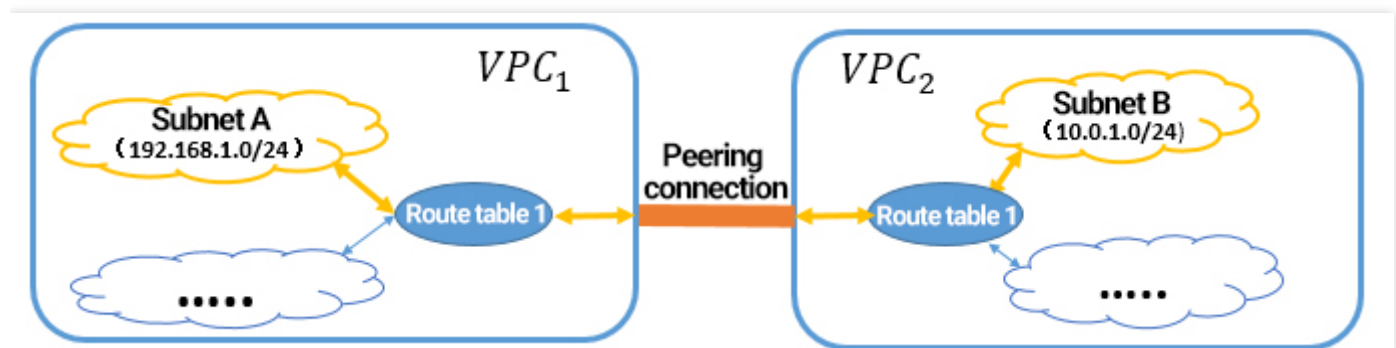
Last updated : 2020-03-19 15:22:19

Both cross-region and cross-account communication of VPCs are advanced features of peering connections. This document describes how to implement **cross-region** communication by using an example.

Example

- IP range 1: subnet A `192.168.1.0/24` of VPC1 in **Guangzhou**.
- IP range 2: subnet B `10.0.1.0/24` of VPC2 in **Beijing**.

Perform the two steps below to implement communication between IP ranges 1 and 2 over a peering connection under the same account:



Step 1: create a peering connection

1. Log in to [Tencent Cloud Console](#) and choose **Products** > **Networking** > **Virtual Private Cloud** to access the Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) console.
2. In the left sidebar, click **Peering Connections** to go to the management page.

3. Select a region and a VPC (for example, Guangzhou and `VPC1`) above the list and then click **New** to create a peering connection.
4. Enter a name (for example, PeerConn), select the local region and network, and select the peer region (for example, Beijing), account type, and VPC. Then, accept the service agreement.
 - If the peer account type is **My Account**, select the account from the drop-down list.
 - If the peer account type is **Other Accounts**, enter the account ID and VPC ID of the peer account.
5. Select the bandwidth cap.
 - For an intra-region peering connection, there is no bandwidth cap. Therefore, this **cannot be modified**.
 - For a cross-region peering connection, the bandwidth cap can be selected. If you need higher cross-region bandwidth, please [submit a ticket](#).
6. Click **Create**. A peering connection between two VPCs under the same account takes effect immediately after its creation.

Step 2: set route tables at both ends

1. Log in to [Tencent Cloud Console](#) and choose **Products > Networking > Virtual Private Cloud** to access the Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) console.
2. In the left sidebar, click **Subnet** to go to the management page.
3. Click the ID of the route table (route table A) associated with the local subnet (subnet A) of the peering connection to access the route table details page.
4. Click **+ New routing policies**.
5. Enter the peer CIDR (`10.0.1.0/24`) for the destination, select **Peering Connections** for the next hop type, and select the created peering connection (PeerConn) for the next hop.
6. Click **OK**. After the route table is configured, communication is enabled between the IP ranges of the two VPCs.

The peer route table is configured in the same way as that at the local end.

Notes:

- You must configure routes at both ends before you can communicate via the peering connection.
- To enable communication between multiple IP ranges of the two VPCs at both ends, you simply need to **add the corresponding route table entries**, but not create multiple peering connections.

Creating Cross-account Peering Connection

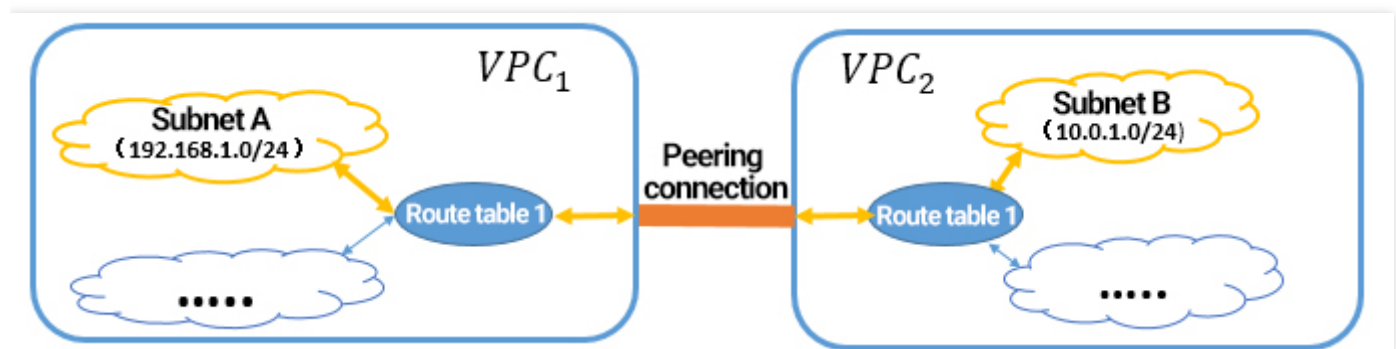
Last updated : 2020-07-09 11:47:18

Both cross-region and cross-account communication of VPCs are advanced features of peering connections. This document describes how to implement **cross-account** communication by using an example.

Example

- IP range 1: subnet A `192.168.1.0/24` of VPC1 in **Guangzhou**.
- IP range 2: subnet B `10.0.1.0/24` of VPC2 in **Beijing**.

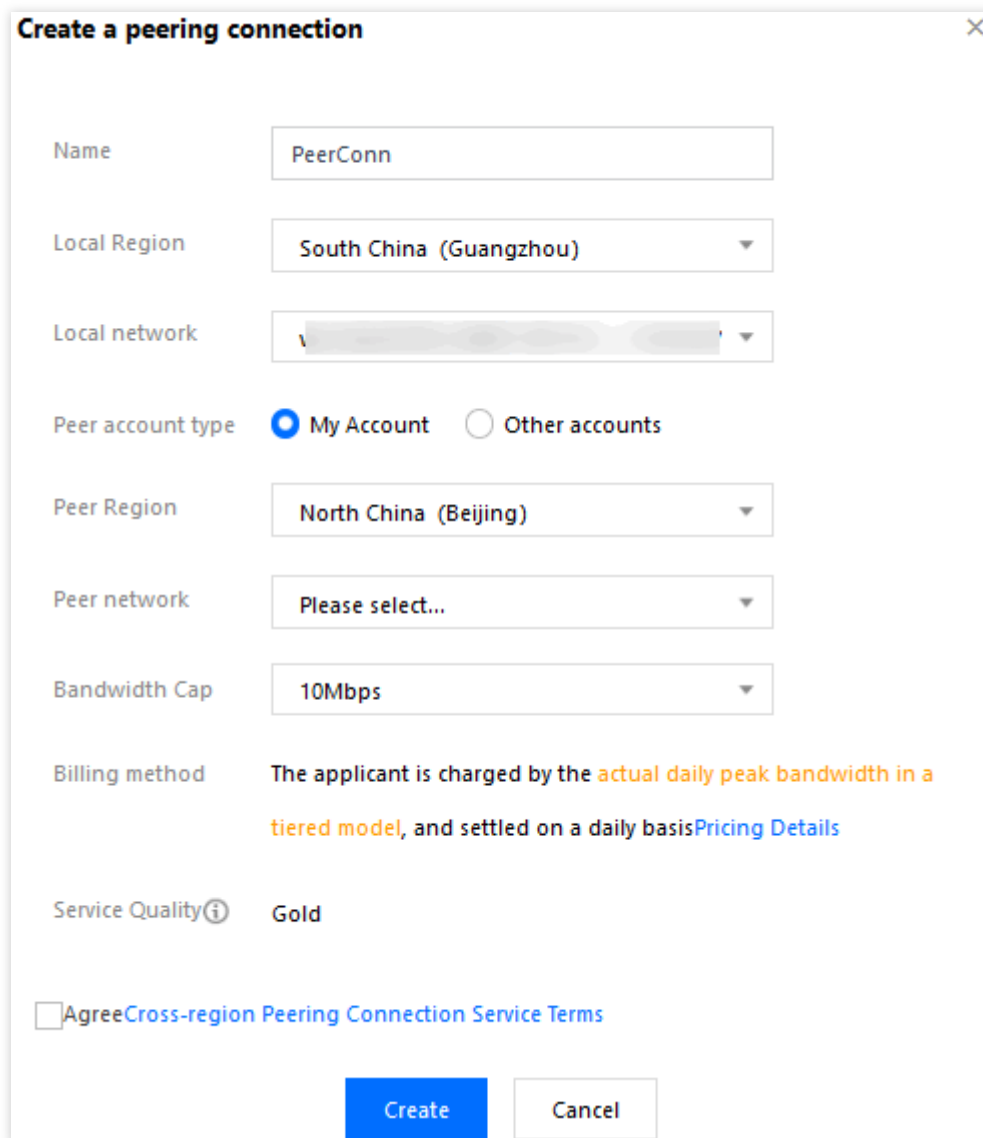
Perform the three steps below to create a peering connection across different accounts and implement communication between IP ranges 1 and 2:



Step 1: create a peering connection

1. Log in to the [Virtual Private Cloud Console](#).
2. In the left sidebar, click **Peering Connections** to go to the **Peering Connections** page.
3. Select a region and a VPC (for example, Guangzhou and `VPC1`) above the list and then click **+New** to create a peering connection.
4. Enter a name (for example, PeerConn) and select the peer region (for example, Beijing), peer account type, and peer network (`VPC2`).
 - If the peer account type is **My Account**, select an account from the drop-down list.

- If the peer account type is **Other accounts**, enter the account ID and VPC ID of the peer account.



Create a peering connection

Name: PeerConn

Local Region: South China (Guangzhou)

Local network: [blurred]

Peer account type: My Account Other accounts

Peer Region: North China (Beijing)

Peer network: Please select...

Bandwidth Cap: 10Mbps

Billing method: The applicant is charged by the **actual daily peak bandwidth in a tiered model**, and settled on a daily basis [Pricing Details](#)

Service Quality ⓘ: Gold

Agree [Cross-region Peering Connection Service Terms](#)

Create Cancel

5. Select the bandwidth cap.
 - For an intra-region peering connection, there is no bandwidth cap. Therefore, this field **cannot be modified**.
 - For a cross-region peering connection, select a bandwidth cap. If you need a higher cross-region bandwidth, please [submit a ticket](#).
6. Click **Create**. A peering connection between two VPCs under the same account takes effect immediately after its creation.

Step 2: accept the peering connection

If VPC2 belongs to another user, you need to notify the user of accepting your peering connection request.

1. Log in to the [Virtual Private Cloud Console](#).
2. In the left sidebar, click **Peering Connections** to go to the **Peering Connections** page.
3. Select the target region (for example, Beijing) above the list, locate the peering connection (PeerConn) you want to accept, and click **Accept**.

ID/Name	Mo...	Status	Local Region	Local VPC	Peer Region	Peer account	Peer VPC	Bandwidth ...	Service Qua...	Billing Mode	Operation
PeerConn	ili	Pending ...	S	t	S	t	t	Unlimited	-	Free	Accept/Refuse

Step 3: configure route tables on both sides

- You must configure routes on both sides to implement communication over a peering connection.
- To enable communication between multiple IP ranges of the two VPCs, you simply need to **add route table entries**, instead of creating multiple peering connections.

1. Log in to the [Virtual Private Cloud Console](#).
2. In the left sidebar, click **Subnet** to go to the **Subnet** page.
3. Click a route table (route table A) associated with the local subnet (subnet A) of the peering connection to go to the **Route table** page. Click ID/Name of the route table A to access its details.
4. Click + **New routing policies**.
5. Enter the peer CIDR (10.0.1.0/24) for **Destination**, select **Peering Connections** for **Next hop type**, and select the peering connection created earlier (PeerConn) for **Next hop**.

Add a route

Destination	Next hop type	Next hop	Notes	Operation
10.0.1.0/24	Peering Connections	p (PeerConn) p (PeerConn)		✕

+ Add a line

Routing policies controls the traffic flow in the subnet. For details, please see [Configuring Routing Policies](#).

Create **Close**

6. Click **Create**. After the route table is configured, IP ranges of the two VPCs can communicate with each other.

Repeat the configuration on the peer route table.